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# The Chinook Advance

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Vol 12, No 34

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, December 15, 1927

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

## Christmas Presents

Select your Christmas Present for your Lady or Gentleman Friend from our stock. We have a nice variety of

Handkerchiefs, Ties, Neck Scarfs,

Towel Sets, Boxes of Chocolates

Christmas Candies and Nuts

## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service  
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN  
CHINOOK ALTA

## Christmas Suggestions

### Order Your New Car

#### RADIO SETS

Fresh stock of "A" and "B" Batteries

Fancy Table Lamps \$4.00 and \$5.00

Adjustable Reading Lamps \$3.00

Xmas Decorative Lamps, per set, \$2.10

Flashlights, complete \$1.50

Miniature Cars, Trucks and Tractors .50

Motometers, Tire Chains, Spare Tires, Tire

Locks and many other useful gifts.

## COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

## RADIO

Have your Radio Tubes tested with our New Tester

Our stock of Batteries and Tubes is complete

Maximite 45 volt B. Batteries at \$5.00

Burgess 45 volt B. Batteries at \$6.20

Eveready 45 volt B. Batteries at \$6.20

Eveready New Layerbuilt B. Batteries \$6.80

Eveready Dry Cells at .60

## Banner Hardware

Chinook, Alta.

## SCRANTON

Drumheller's Lower Seam Coal. Better than ever.  
3½ in. D.S. Lump; 1½ to 3½ in. Stove

We are now taking orders for

**STORM SASH**

Have You Placed Your Order?

## Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK PHONE 12

## CHRISTMAS SUGGESTIONS

### FOR THE LADIES

Club Bags, Overnight Bags, Hat Boxes, Hi and Lo Zippers and Bedroom Slippers

### FOR THE MEN

Mocha Gloves and Mitts, Fancy Dress Sox in Wool, Silk and Wool, and Pure Silk, all colors

Anything we do not carry in stock we will gladly get for you

REAL LOW PRICES ON ROBES

**S. H. SMITH**

Phone 14.

Chinook

## LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. Chas. Neff was a Calgary visitor last week.

Mr. Bray left the first of the week for Buffalo, Alta., on a business trip.

We are glad to report that Mr. W. Lee has quite recovered from his illness.

Get your Xmas Cards, Tags, Seals and Ribbons from E. E. Jacques, Druggist.

Miss Alberta Gingles has accepted the position as assistant in the Post Office.

Mn. Wells, who has been assisting at the C.N. station for about three months, has been transferred to Red Deer.

J. S. Johnston and J. D. Fife, of the Western Canada Elevator Co., were business visitors in Chinook this week.

Chinook school will close next Thursday, Dec. 22nd, for Christmas holidays, re-opening Wednesday, January 4th.

Miss Margaret Young is leaving the post office. As Miss Young was very much liked by all, she will be missed.

A meeting of those ladies who are interested in curling will be held at the home of Mrs. Dawson on Saturday, Dec. 17th at 8 p. m.

Mr. G. H. Ball, of New Westminster, B.C., arrived in Chinook last Saturday to take over the position of night operator at the station here.

Remember the date of the concert and Christmas Tree being held by the pupils of Chinook Consolidated School, Thursday, Dec. 22nd.

A sleigh load of young people from the Laughlin district, drove to the Brostion home on Wednesday of last week and enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Laughlin school annual Xmas concert and dance will be held on Tuesday, December 20th. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock Ladies please bring lunch.

The Ladies Aid held a bazaar and afternoon tea on Saturday, Dec. 10th, in the Station waiting room. It was quite a successful function, realizing about \$55

The Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. C. W. Rideout on Wednesday afternoon. The attendance was rather small but a considerable amount of business was done

Mr. Ernie Robinson left Sunday morning for California, where he will spend the winter months. Ernie intends visiting a brother at Salt Lake City, Utah, while on his travels.

Mr. Geo. Aitken and his nephew, Jas. Aitken, left Wednesday morning for their home in Vancouver. They have been here for some time assisting with the harvest on their farm. Mr. Geo. Aitken regretted very much having to leave Chinook at this time when gentlemen were so scarce in this district at the present time

Miss Margaret Parsons, of the Sacred Heart Convent, Calgary, will broadcast a program of piano music in aid of the Sunshine Fund, over C.F.A.C., on Wednesday evening, December 21st, at 7:30 o'clock. Miss Parsons is the daughter of the bank manager at Cereal. Her music is excellent in every way, and it will pay everybody who can to listen-in on that night.

## Annual Meeting of Chinook and District Agric. Society

The annual meeting of the Chinook and District Agricultural Society was held Saturday afternoon, Dec. 10th, in the School. There was not a large attendance, the day being very cold and the roads bad. Mr. Richard Stewart, president of the society, occupied the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting having been read and approved, the minutes of the last annual meeting were read and adopted.

Some correspondence from the Department of Agriculture, re, the putting on of a local seed fair, was read, but it was decided to leave the matter in the meantime.

The financial statement, as read by the secretary, was felt to be very satisfactory indeed and the directors present expressed themselves as being much gratified that the society is in such good financial standing, the best it has been in for years. At the present time there are 210 members. All expenses up to the present are paid and there is a balance in the bank of \$146. The estimated government grant is \$334, which leaves the society with \$480 to start next year.

It was decided that the society purchase a small token of remembrance for Mr. Robert Smith, who is shortly leaving to take up his abode in Calgary, to show their appreciation of his services to the society. Mrs. Neff and Mrs. Todd being a committee to look after the matter.

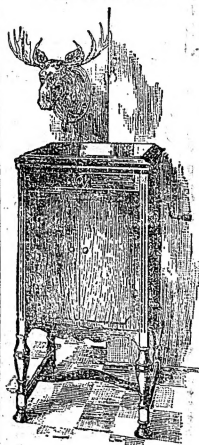
With regard to the rental of the Agricultural Hall to the Curling Club, it was decided to charge the same fee as last year.

The election of officers for 1928 resulted as follows:

Hon. President, Richard Stewart  
1st Vice President, W. S. Warren  
2nd Vice Pres. Mrs. R. Stewart  
Directors: Messdames Young, Rennie, Neff, Rideout, Otto and Todd; Messrs C. Neff, S. H. Smith, E. B. Allen, J. J. Doolan, E. G. Parsons, D. E. Currie, Geo. McDonald, D. J. Stewart, Frank Sayers, Neil McLean, F. E. Foster  
Secretary-Treasurer, W. A. Todd  
A Scotch Concert and Dance are to be held Friday, Jan. 27th, Messrs S. H. Smith, C. Neff and W. A. Todd being a committee to make arrangements for same.

James Young was chosen to act as delegate to the Fairs' Convention in Edmonton in February.

## What Would Be Nicer Than An Orthophonic Victrola For Christmas



Cheer up the home with music and forget your troubles. You can hear it as you would in reality with the ORTHOPHONIC.  
**E. E. JACQUES**

Christmas Toys  
Christmas Presents  
Christmas Candies  
Christmas Nuts  
Christmas Cakes  
Christmas Puddings

You can make your selections at

## HURLEY'S

Jap Oranges

1, 2 and 5 pound Boxes Moira's, Lowney's and Hydah Chocolates

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

## Christmas Presents Galore

### Something For Everybody

A Beautiful Range of Everything Come in and look them over. Santa Claus has left us a nice line of Toys and Nick Nacks. Don't wait till the last moment when everything is picked over.

### A Few Suggestions for the Men!

Pouches, Pipes, Cigarette Holders, Ash Trays, Watches, Razors, Kodaks, Fountain Pens, Radios, Gramophones, Knives, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Card Cases, Shaving Mugs and Stands, Mirrors, Ukeleles, Violins.

### A Few Suggestions for the Ladies!

Toilet Sets, Purses, Ivory, Pearl on Amber, Chocolates, Stationery, Perfume, Toilet Clippers, Kodaks, Fountain Pens, Marcel Waves, Gramophones, China, Silver, Atomizers, Powder, Records, Books, Ukeleles, Violins.

### Few Suggestions for Boys and Girls!

Rubber Aprons, Toys, Games, Books, Knives, Watches, Brownies, Fountain Pens, Mouth Organs, Stationery, Dolls, Chocolates, other things too numerous to mention

Make out your wants from the above list and drop in and see us

## E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

## Your Meat Supply

Do you want a nice, tender ROAST? We carry only the choicest grades of Beef, Pork, Veal and Lamb. Our stock is always fresh, and you can get as good choice as you will find in any town. We also have a good stock of Smoked Meats and Fish, Sausage, Bologna, Lard, Etc.

FRESH FISH ON FRIDAYS.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU GOOD SPRING CHICKEN FOR YOUR SUNDAY DINNER

## Youngstown & Chinook Meat Markets

A start was made last Saturday in the opening of a skating rink for Chinook. The snow was scraped from a part of the tennis court and it is expected that the opening of the rink will soon start. The opening of the rink will supply a place of amusement for those who enjoy skating and other ice amusements.

## King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM  
CHINOOK ALTA.

## Cuticura Comforts Tender Aching Irritated Feet

Bathe the feet for several minutes with Cuticura Soap and warm water, then follow with a light application of Cuticura Ointment, gently rubbed in. This treatment is most successful in relieving and comforting tired, hot, aching, burning feet.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Depot, 225-227, St. James St., Montreal. Price, Soap Box, 25c; Ointment Jar, 25c.

Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.



## Canada's Next Objective

The title to this article was the subject of a constructive address by Brig-General C. H. Mitchell, president of the Toronto Board of Trade, before the second annual convention of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce held recently at Vancouver. Some portion of that address can, we feel, be passed on with advantage to the readers of this paper. General Mitchell said, in part: "The Diamond of the future of Canada lies in the future of Canada entering upon a period of its greatest expansion. It sees Canada United in an effort to improve its position as a nation within itself, and in an ambition to make a place for itself among the nations of the world. It already has an assured place among those nations forming the great British Empire. It has consolidated its position after the war by quiet, persevering effort, and has steadily done so to the solid things which can build up a country. It is now ready for and is indeed progressing toward the next objective."

Canada has huge fertile agricultural regions. It has wealths of forest, mineral and water power resources. Its geographical and its topographical features form a great barrier to its development. It has busy ports on the two great oceans of the world, and it has a waterway to the heart of the country. It occupies half of North America, is in the centre of the great British Empire. It is midway between the East and the West and on the way between Europe and Asia via America. It has great transcontinental railways and fleets of inland shipping. And along with this favorable position and its unsurpassed natural resources, it has human resources of contented, industrious, hard-working people of solid character and high ideals. Our natural wealth lies in our potential assets and in the development and use of these resources. We have made our way magnificently in the past sixty years, but ours is a country of the future, and we in Canada are the trustees of these great assets for those who are to come after us.

With all these resources and at this particular time, what then is our next objective? We are bound to progress along some road and in some direction and at some rate. The road must be toward increased prosperity, and the manner and the rate of travel are for us, ourselves, to determine. The answer lies somewhere among our natural resources. The objective for our effort in Canada's next period of expansion lies on the high ground before us, which we must attack with a united front to secure initiative and gain superiority in the markets of this continent, of the Empire and of the world.

To develop these resources, to supply the needs of the different parts of our own country, of the continent, and of the world, we must:—

1. Know what resources we have in stock.
2. Ascertain what our resources are the best seller: (a) to ourselves—provincially; (b) to the Empire—the Mother Country and overseas Dominions; (c) to the other nations of the world.
3. Determine with what resources we are first to enter into competition, and with what next to follow.
4. Build up entirely new industries, and trade from those resources in which we are predominant or which are peculiar to Canada.
5. Create a demand for our products: (a) provincially; (b) nationally; and (c) internationally.
6. Conduct extensive publicity in all possible markets for those products in which we can readily compete.

To further develop the assets of these great Canadian natural resources is the first duty of every citizen of every community and of every province. The problems involved in such further development are many and varied. New problems arise and old ones recur in new forms. Changed conditions bring different problems looked at from new angles.

General Mitchell proceeded to enumerate some twenty problems awaiting scientific and economic solution, upon the commercial success of which, he contended, will depend much of the future and future value of our natural resources. Included in this list is improvement of our wheat culture to secure earlier ripening varieties; effective measures to prevent rust in wheat; cheap and effective transportation of our basic products by water as well as by rail; the economic preparation of low grade fuels, such as lignite, for commercial use; economic long distance electric power transmission; elimination of alkali from the soil of certain of the western agricultural areas and protection of structures from attack; development of the pottery and ceramic industry from our vast deposits of clay; the utilization of the waste straw of our agricultural areas for fuel or other purposes.

These are some of the things which we must set ourselves to solve, as a nation of energetic, alert people. We must unite our human resources to develop our natural resources.

It is our national duty at this time to look forward with cheerfulness and confidence and to attack these and our other problems with all our energy and skill, with a pride in Canada and the Empire, and with firm faith in its future.

## Road To Flin Flon Area

Construction Work Will Proceed With All Possible Haste

Preparations for the construction of the railway into the Flin Flon mining area of Northern Manitoba, which will open the way for a \$50,000,000 development of mineral resources in the north country, already are under way, following the letting of the contract. Supplies and equipment are being concentrated for shipment to The Pas, which is 75 miles southwest of the Flin Flon property and within a short time 600 men will commence the preliminary work of road-making and this number will be increased to 2,000 or more as the work progresses up to next summer.

The first trainload of equipment to be used on the Flin Flon railway left Montreal recently, and this will be followed by additional loads within a few days. By spring millions of dollars' worth of construction material and an army of workers will have been assembled in the north country.

Very soon the sound of the hammer will have broken the silence of the north, the first work being the construction of between 20 and 30 miles to house the advance contingent of workers. The western labor market will be called on to supply all the men to be employed on the project, and no workers will be brought in from Eastern Canada.

Under the contract, trains must be running between Shewan, near The Pas, and the Flin Flon mines, by December, 1928. The construction of the road involves an estimated expenditure of \$4,000,000.

## Increase In Egg Shipments

200 Carloads Of Eggs Shipped From B.C. To Prairies and Eastern

Egg exporters from British Columbia are breaking all records this year, according to figures collected by the Provincial Department of Agriculture. Altogether 200 carloads of eggs will be shipped to prairie and Eastern Canadian markets, during the year.

Last year 100 cars were shipped out of British Columbia. The present year is regarded as much more satisfactory for the poultry industry than 1926, and figures for total poultry production will show a substantial gain, it is believed.

The average man puts a greater value upon a favor he bestows than upon one he receives.

## Canada's Naval Expenditures

Grand Total For Last Fiscal Year Amount To \$1,597,406.51

The grand total of Canada's naval service expenditures for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1927, amounted to \$1,597,406.51, according to the annual report of the national defence department just issued here. Of this million and a half dollars, over one-third was consumed by the barracks at Halifax, N.S., and Esplanade, B.C., the former accounting for \$250,000.17, and the latter for \$250,431.92. The maintenance of the two destroyers, Patriot and Patricia, cost the country \$199,210.59 for Patriot, and \$167,544.39 for Patricia. The four mine sweepers, Pestubury, Ypres, Armentieres, and Thiepval, accounted for \$169,741.96 of the annual expenditures.

## Why Hubble Along On Sore Corns?

Don't cut corns with an old razor. Infection followed often by death may result from using corns with an infected knife. Quick, safe relief comes from using Patman's Corn Extractor. It afflicts with corns, calluses, or sore footpads, use "Patman's"—it's reliable and sure to shroud up the corns so they drop right off. No pain, no soreness, but quick relief. From sore corns comes to all who use Patman's Painless Corn Extractor. 25c at all dealers.

## The Value Of Dehorning

Horns Add To The Cost Of Production And Discount The Selling Value

Experience has proved the great advantage, from every standpoint, of dehorning commercial cattle. Horns are always a handicap to such cattle. They add to the cost of production and discount the selling value of the animals. Of course the ideal method to follow is to prevent the growth of horns in the calf. When steers are purchased for feeding it is better to get ones already dehorned, otherwise they should be dehorned as soon as possible. In a pamphlet entitled "Dehorn Your Commercial Cattle," which may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, the process of dehorning is fully described. The operation, in the case of grown cattle, is to a certain extent painful but its advantages are so great that it should not be dispensed with. Where the cattle are fed loose, feeding them in mixed lots of horned and hornless animals should always be avoided, otherwise they will finish very unevenly. The hornless cattle, after painful experience, become timid and refuse to come up to the feeding racks or mangers until the bulk of the feed is gone. They become undernourished, while the horned ones, eating too much, develop digestive troubles. Besides this, live stock shippers find that dehorned cattle are more easily loaded on the cars, show less shrinkage and damage in transit, and are more economical of space. Cattle men make no quicker sales for higher prices when the animals are dehorned.

Sores Heal Quickly.—Have you a persistent sore that refuses to heal? Then, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the dressing. It will stop sloughing, carry away the proud flesh, draw the pus away and prepare a clean way for the new skin. It is a recognized healer among oils and numbers of people can testify that it healed where properly applied.

It is estimated that Prince Edward Island, the smallest of the nine provinces of Canada, will have a total production of potatoes this year of 8,000,000 bushels. A considerable percentage of this crop will find a market in the United States.

The sugar beet crop in Southern Alberta this year will, it is estimated, yield between 45,000 and 50,000 tons, the largest crop in the history of the industry in Alberta. Last year's crop was 41,000 tons.

The husband is apt to be peevish if the wife is nervous.

## Pain Over Kidneys Was Soothed Away Lost Appetite Completely Restored

A splendid recovery was made by Mr. A. S. Gray of Elbert, Sask. He heard of a good kidney medicine and used it. "I started using Dr. Hamilton's Pills a few months ago and find them a great medicine for Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. After taking a few boxes of Dr. Hamilton's Pills the soreness in the region of my kidneys is nearly gone. I am eating again my favorite food and feel like a new man."

These mild yet active pills contain vegetable restorative, such as manna and butterfat, and put new life into the liver and kidneys. They soothe away headache and make you feel brisk and full of pep. 25c at all dealers.

## Antique Dealer Had Ingenious Methods Believed To Have Robbed Cathedrals Of Artworks To Sell

His ingenious methods of making sure that old statues, furniture and paintings supplied to his customers were real rather than fakes have brought about a difference of opinion between the Paris police and Baron Pichon 27-year-old owner of an antique store in the Rue Laite, as a result of which warrants for the arrest of the Baron and his partner, Roger Colson, have been issued.

Realizing that the authenticity of antiques in these days is in large demand than formerly, Pichon, according to the police, visioned the cathedrals of Rheims and Troyes and helped himself to what he needed in keeping up a thriving business. Unfortunately for him, the guardians of the cathedrals did not appreciate his work in the cause of aesthetics and turned in his treasures back. They noticed the losses and turned in a complaint to the authorities.

The police inaugurated a search, during the course of which they paid calls to Pichon's shop, where they found a large quantity of genuine, but stolen, art furniture. They did not find him or his partner, however, and are now eagerly hunting them.

No estimate has been obtained of the number of the stolen articles already sold; but, as it is the case with most Paris dealers in antiques, some of the Baron's customers were Americans and possibly many of the articles have been unwittingly taken across the Atlantic.

## Motoring Through Snowdrifts

Press Out the Clutch As You Strike the Drift

From now until the end of winter, snow is likely to occur at any time—at least, in most sections. A week-end trip, begun in warm weather, may finish in a driving snowstorm.

Drivers know how to handle a drift that has formed in the roadway and causes the wheels to spin around and around. New motorists may have had no chance to learn their lesson, and are thus likely to attempt to force their way through the drift without pressing out their clutch.

The clutch will soon burn out completely if this method is practiced. The only way to force your car through the small tantalizing drift (unless you wish to get out and kick the snow away) is to press out the clutch as you strike the drift. If you do not get through, back out in your tracks for ten yards or so, and again charge the drift—pressing out your clutch at the last moment. A few charges of this kind will put you on the home side of the average small drift, with nothing to worry you except the slight delay.

Many people are almost crippled with corns. But it is needless suffering that can be speedily ended with Holloway's Corn Remover.

## Fashion In Shoes

Footwear Being More Than Ever Stressed By Women Who Dress Correctly

Shoes rather than pearls, or hats and gowns, are being chosen by the well dressed woman as the point of dress to be stressed, in the opinion of Anthony H. Guiting, president of the National Shoe Retailers' Association, from Philadelphia.

The short skirts, attractive hose and variety of shoe styles in the country have made women's shoes the most attractive part of the dress," he said.

For Sprains and Bruises.—There is nothing better for sprains and contusions than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It will reduce the swelling that follows a sprain, will cool the inflamed flesh and draw the pain. It will take the ache out of a bruise by counteracting the inflammation. A trial will convince any who doubt its power.

## One On The Doctor

A certain learned doctor, who shall be nameless, was giving a course of special lectures to some medical students with whom he was very popular. At the conclusion of one of his addresses, after the class had been dismissed, he wrote upon the blackboard the following:

"The professor has the honor to inform the class that he has today been appointed 'Physician in Ordinary' to His Majesty the King."

On returning the next day to resume his lectures he found written underneath: "God save the King."

## More Aliens Admitted To U.S.

More than a half million aliens were admitted to the United States during the 1927 fiscal year, the labor department announced, and the number was considerably greater than during the previous year. The figures were 528,000 admissions in 1927, and 496,106 in 1926.

## Western Bred Cattle Big Winners

Cattle Bred At Glenora Stock Farms, Brandon, Capture Prizes At Chicago International

Canada, and western Canada in particular, has every reason to feel proud of the excellent showing made at the recent Chicago International Exposition. The numerous awards coming to western Canada should draw the attention of outsiders as well as our own people to the fact that our agricultural and livestock growers can more than hold their own in competition with any part of the American continent. In proof of the fact that we are producing as good livestock in western Canada as in any part of America, may be mentioned the honors carried off by the Glenora Stock Farms of Brandon, Man. James D. McGregor, the proprietor, who is a breeder of Aberdeen Angus cattle, has made what is believed to be a record for all times at the Chicago show. It is very doubtful if at any previous International, animals bred by one individual have carried off so many honors. All the classes of cattle were very strong and exceptionally well represented this year. All the best animals of Canada and the United States were gathered there, and an animal had to be outstanding to receive recognition. Awards given to Glenora stock farms are as follows: Grand champion bull On Revolution; 7th, grand champion female Glenora Jessie, 9th; senior champion female, Glenora Black Lassie, first prize; two year old heifer, Edella of Glenora, first prize; Junior yearling heifer by Evolution, out of Barbara of Glenora, second prize; carcass steer, Brancelle Parlor, sired by Glenora Blackmore, fourth prize. Truly a remarkable record for an individual breeder.

## Opportunities Are Here

Native Sons Of Canada Are Drifting Back From United States

Projects such as the proposed Flin Flon development scheme should help to bring Canadians home from the United States. Such contemplated development schemes may or may not be a factor in the increased return from the republic of native sons of the Dominion which appears to have set in, but it is apparent that there is such a return movement. The latest official figures from Ottawa further indicate this.

In the seven months' period from April 1 to October 31, 25,864 Canadians who had gone to the United States with the intention of residing there permanently returned home. This seems an encouraging sign of the times and it is to be hoped it will continue to become more pronounced as time goes on. Canada is, without doubt, on the eve of one of the greatest development periods in its history. The north, in all the provinces, is being concentrated upon with redoubled vigor. The Flin Flon development project in itself, and all that it portends in its general ramifications, offers a challenge and an opportunity to the youth of Canada.

Regina Leader.

The Last Asthma Attack may really be the last one if prompt measures are taken. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will safeguard you. It will penetrate to the smallest bronchial passage and bring about a healthy condition. It always relieves and its continued use often has a permanent effect. Why not get this long-famous remedy today and compare its use to that of any other? It is equally effective.

## Thanks To The Prairies

Wheat Crop This Year Is Second Largest In Canada's History

While pessimistic Easterners were kept from reaching about the West except the fact that the prairie provinces have been experiencing below-zero weather, the optimistic are throwing their hats in the air at the announcement that Canada's wheat crop this year is the second highest in the history of the Dominion.

The final estimate of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics even more encouraging than earlier surveys, places the total wheat crop for this country at 44,282,000 bushels, a figure that has only once been beaten.

The Western provinces, of course, have been chiefly responsible for this huge total, which is large enough to justify general rejoicing throughout the whole of Canada.—Peterborough Examiner.

## Taking Vacation In Row Boat

After fourteen years at sea and sixteen years spent along the beach, Charles Seillie, 67, is going on a vacation. He is rowing a 12-foot skiff from New York to Miami, Fla., hugging the shore line all the way. Once there, he will row back again, planning to return before the bathing season starts, for he is a bathhouse keeper.

Minard's Liniment For Colds.



## LESSON No. 20

Question: Why is emulsified cod-liver oil so very helpful as a vitamin food for expectant and nursing mothers?

Answer: Because it provides an easily assimilated food rich in the essential vitamin that aids in building strong bones and good teeth.

Take pure, wholesome, pleasantly flavored

SCOTT'S EMULSION

## Leaves Jewel To Queen Mary

Russian Countess Gives Brooch Originally Chosen For Empress

Countess Torby, the daughter of Prince Nicholas of Nassau and his morganatic wife, and granddaughter of Fushiki, the Russian poet, bequeathed a ruby brooch and pendant, originally chosen for the Empress Alexandra of Russia, to Queen Mary.

The Countess, who died last September and left English property valued at \$85,000, directed that the pearl necklace she was in the habit of wearing daily should be sold to pay the death duties on the estate.

## RUN DOWN IN HEALTH

Why Many Men and Women Are Badly Handicapped

When you are so run down in health that it impairs the efficiency of your work as well as your power to enjoy your leisure hours, or obtain rest, it is time you looked to the cause. If you do not, a serious breakdown is almost sure to result. In nearly all cases this condition, which doctors usually describe as general debility, is due to poor blood—blood that is deficient in red corpuscles. When the blood is thin and weak your whole system suffers. You lose appetite, have no energy, your nerves trouble you and you feel exhausted.

What you need is help to build up your blood and you should begin at once to make your blood rich and red by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You will soon notice the difference in your health by a better appetite and increased vigor. The reason is that the new blood created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills stimulates all the organs of the body to healthy activity and so the system gains nourishment and strength. If you are weak or out of sorts, begin gaining new strength today by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. "I was in a badly run down condition," says Mrs. J. Potter, of Winnipeg, Alta., "when I began using Williams' Pink Pills. They have fully restored my health. I strongly recommend this medicine to all weak people."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Will Visit English Centres

Thirty Scholarships Announced To Aid Work Of T.B. Association

The Canadian Tuberculosis Association announced following a meeting of the executive at Ottawa, that the association had completed arrangements whereby thirty scholarships of \$500 each have been granted to assist tubercular sanatorium and chest diagnosticians in Canada to visit the tuberculosis centres in England, France and Italy. In 1928. Those awarded scholarships will spend a fortnight in Great Britain, where the British ministry will discuss with them the problems of tuberculosis, and then a tour by motor bus will be made to all the tuberculosis institutions in the United Kingdom.

## HEART WAS SO WEAK Had to Stay in Bed

Mrs. F. Wilson, Lethbridge, Alta., writes: "My heart was very weak, and I had to stay in bed for five weeks with it."

"My nurse advised me to take



as she had taken them with good results after a very bad operation. "I took them and some time after a doctor came to examine me for insurance and he said there was nothing wrong with my heart."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

**The Great Preventative**

for coughs and colds. For grippe heat and influenza. Also rub it on throat and chest.

**MINARD'S**

"KING OF PAIN"

**LINEMENT**



## DECIDE NOT TO CENSURE FORMER PREMIER DRURY

Toronto.—After hours of verbal battling and fiery speeches, some of which went far back into the past and resurrected events in the almost forgotten history of the farmers' movement, after motion, amendment, and sub-amendment had been moved and discussed from many angles, the United Farmers of Ontario, in annual convention here decided not to censure former Premier R. C. Drury for the part which he took in the North Huron by-election. The decision was reached finally after R. H. Halbert, a former president of the organization, voiced a strong plea to delegates to forget their differences and unite. He asserted that there was a rift in the organization which, if it was not healed, might result in weakening still further an association which already showed a great decrease in membership strength.

The convention also endorsed J. J. Morrison, general secretary of the U.F.O., after he had denied charges that he had tried to dominate the farmers' organization and that a "family compact" existed. These accusations had been levelled from the political platform in West Elgin by Mitchell Hepburn.

As a result of the decision on Mr. Drury's action, the convention turned a censure resolution into one which carries with it no criticism for anybody. Instead of censuring those who attacked the U.F.O., the convention passed a resolution on the Liberal platform, the resolution as amended and then amended again, merely approves the action of the North Huron United Farmers in the by-election. The charges of censure, which were aimed at Mr. Drury were eliminated.

Overwhelming defeat crushed resolution 21, calling for the dispersal of the U.F.O. political committee, and barring United Farmer members of provincial and Dominion Houses from sitting as U.F.O. members.

## League Would Reduce Number Of Meetings

'Advocate' Three To Four Council Sessions Each Year

London.—The Daily Telegraph publishes the following from its Geneva correspondent:

The council of the League of Nations yesterday discussed the proposed reduction of the number of council sessions from three to two each year. Rt. Hon. Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, originator of the proposal, again emphasized that the only reason for the suggestion was that it was most important that as many foreign ministers as possible from the various states which were members of the council should participate and that they might find it difficult to go to Geneva four times each year. Sir Austen said he would not persist with the proposal if it did not meet with general approval.

A preliminary exchange of views took place between the Netherlands, Italian, Chilean and German representatives and the question was adjourned until a future private meeting of the council.

## Committed For Trial

Men Charged With Collecting Information About British Forces For Soviets

London.—George Hansen, a German, and Wilfrid Francis McCartney, described as an Irish American, were committed for trial before the central criminal court on charges brought under the official secrets act by a magistrate in Bow Street Court.

The two prisoners are alleged to have attempted to collect information about the British army forces, particularly the air force. At a previous hearing it was brought out that the men were gathering information believed to be useful to Soviet Russia.

**Awarded Nobel Peace Prize**

Oslø, Norway.—The Nobel peace prize has been awarded to Professor Ludwig Quilide, of Germany, and Prof. Ferdinand Dülson, of France. Dülson is president of the League for the Rights of Man. Quilide is a well-known pacifist and the originator of many schemes for international peace.

**Again Threatened By Flood**

Oran, Algeria.—Fresh danger threatens the region in Northwestern Algeria, recently swept by a serious flood. A number of points which escaped the previous disaster are now under water.

## May Tap U.S. Aerial Mail

Postal Department Considering Lines Where Services Would Connect

Ottawa.—The tapping by Canadian aerial mail service of the American mail airways at convenient points of transmission is under consideration by the Post Office Department.

The scheme, broadly, is that with a service from Montreal, the United States services could be tapped at Syracuse or Albany, enroute to New York, while another line from Winnipeg would effect a junction with the United States service at Chicago and St. Paul, and on the coast planes from Vancouver would fly over to Seattle.

The Canadian air service would either be by the air force along the lines of the experiments now being carried out or by a private company of Canadians.

Recently an offer was received from a New York firm for establishing a service to Montreal, but this was not entertained. If the plan is proceeded with, and it is now in the inquiry stage, it would be broadly national and calculated to connect with the United States service at centres in the East, Middle West and Pacific points across the line.

Aerial mail services have reached a high stage of development, although the mail handled is essentially letters rather than bulky stuff, and, at that, of the more urgent class which is special delivery rate.

## Gold Shipped From New York To London

First Time Since Outbreak Of World War

New York.—Gold has been removed from New York to London for the first time since the outbreak of the Great War in 1914. The shipment, which amounts to \$1,000,000 was announced by the "International Acceptance Bank, Inc.," but with the exception of a statement that it was a "special transaction" no details were made public.

The gold in the form of coin, was removed from the vaults of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for forwarding on the Cunard liner, Aquatania, to a correspondent in London. Although the sensational advance in sterling exchange had caused Wall Street to include in its calculations the possibility that part of the huge hoard of gold accumulated in this country since the war might be transferred to England, announcement that a shipment actually had been arranged occasioned some surprise.

## For Royal Clemency

Offenders Under Manitoba Liquor Laws May Receive Consideration

Winnipeg.—A petition for royal clemency towards offenders under existing liquor laws is now in circulation.

Contending that they have sufficiently paid for their misdemeanors against former laws, a number of friends and relatives of persons whose jail terms will not have expired by the date when the new consolidated liquor laws are likely to have passed have organized to bring pressure on the Government to liberate these prisoners at that time. Although the Government's view of the petition is not yet known, it may be contended that these prisoners and others actually committed to jail after the passing of the new act are still subject to punishment under clauses in the new legislation.

## Observe Friendships Pact

Tryst Kept At St. Paul's Cathedral After 22 Years

London.—Observing a pact of friendship made 22 years ago, four men met on the steps of St. Paul's Cathedral one day recently and sang "Auld Lang Syne" with joined hands. They were survivors of a party of eight friends who, in 1905, when fellow-workers, made a pact to meet at St. Paul's 20 years later. The tryst was kept two years ago by the four, two of the others having fallen in the war and two having died. The survivors agreed to make the gathering an annual event.

As the friends were on the point of leaving the Cathedral to go to dinner together, they were joined by the widow of one of their former colleagues, who, with her daughter, had come to keep the tryst on behalf of her late husband.

## Wins More Awards

Guelph, Ont.—W. J. McCallum, of Brampton and Regina, was a big winner at the provincial fair yesterday, capturing both championships in the Percheron classes and junior and grand champion in his Lord Villager, a young animal which went to the top at both the Toronto Royal and the Ottawa Winter Fair.

## Government Ownership Failure In Belgium

System Yielded More Revenue In Hands Of A Company

Brussels.—So successful has been the first year of Belgium's experiment with quasi-private instead of government ownership of the railways, a change forced by the financial panic of a year ago, that the postoffice, telephone and telegraph systems are destined soon to be taken out of the ineffectual hands of the state.

The whole public ownership system, which potentially is a gold mine, yielded a mere \$1,000,000 last year although the railways never yielded anything. With the Socialists out of the cabinet and a member of the Liberal party at the head of the department, it is expected that M. Franqui, the old fox of Belgian finance and veritable dictator of the country's financial policy will seize the opportunity to give the theory of public ownership another body blow, making the system yield real money in the hands of an autonomous company. Public opinion is actually averted at the success of the railway experiment and is considered ripe for the transfer which was impossible even 15 months ago.

## Underpaid Farm Help

Says Low Wages Paid To Farm Women In Ontario

Toronto.—That no self-respecting domestic servant would work for the wages which farm women get for their labour, was the statement of Mrs. Miles Opler, of Leamington, Ont., in the course of her presidential address at the annual meeting of the United Farm Women of Ontario. She felt that economic conditions were far from satisfactory for farm women.

Concerning the grain pool, Mrs. Opler said the women were hopeful of its success. A drop in membership from 2,312 to 2,041 was reported by the secretary.

## FEDERAL SURPLUS OF 60 MILLIONS IS REPORTED

Ottawa.—With eight months of the fiscal year closed, the surplus of Dominion revenues over expenditures stands at rather more than 60 millions of dollars.

During the month of November the net debt of the Dominion, largely as a result of interest payments on loans, increased by \$17,732,000, but taking the eight months as a whole the reduction in net debt was \$80,783,000. Prospects for a substantial surplus in the next budget, with consequent reduction in taxation, are therefore regarded as very bright.

The decrease in net debt is 15 millions ahead of what it was on the same date last year.

Total revenue over the eight months shows an increase of 30 millions of dollars more than in the eight months of last year; total expenditure an increase of five millions.

Customs duties are up nine millions and excise duties are up five millions. Income tax is up six millions, post office up three millions. Excise taxes (sales, stamps, etc.) are down ten millions.

On Nov. 30 the net debt of Canada was \$2,287,018,752; on Nov. 30 last year, it was \$2,344,436,755.

## Champion Girl High Jumper



Ethel Catherwood of Saskatoon, the sensational western Canadian girl high jumper, who won the Canadian high jump championship and set up a new record of 5 feet 2 inches last summer, will in all probability be an addition to Ontario's strength after the first of the year. Her manager says she is coming east to make her home.

## Northern India Swept By Cholera Epidemic

Smallpox Has Also Broken Out In Bengal Districts

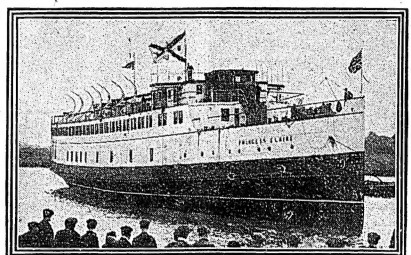
Karachi, India.—Spread of the cholera epidemic to the whole of northern India is feared as the weekly death toll from the scourge rises alarmingly. Deaths at Djalapoor increased from 42 to 229 in seven days, at Maldaah from 430 to 617; at Noakhali, from 63 to 177; and at Howrah, from 51 to 78. Western Bengal is the worst affected district. The density of the population in northern India and the frequency of travel intensifies the danger in that great territory. The epidemic is becoming more acute in Calcutta, where 2,139 deaths were reported a week ago. In 14 Bengal districts, a violent smallpox epidemic has broken out, adding to the gravity of the situation. More than 100 persons died in Calcutta over the week end from smallpox alone, while deaths in the Bengal districts reached 15.

## Fire Chief Retires

Winnipeg.—Winnipeg's fire chief, J. E. Buchanan, has landed in his resignation after 45 years of service. Chief Buchanan comes within the recently adopted provisions of the pension by law which requires every civic employee to retire on pension on attaining the age of 65, if he has 20 years' service to his credit.

**Offer For Saskatoon Street Railway**

Saskatoon.—An offer to pay the city \$1,000,000 in cash for the street railways and the electric power plant and to take over debentures on the same, are high lights in a communication that G. M. Yule, K.C., acting on behalf of G. J. Yorath, president of the Mid-West Utilities and his associates, handed into the city hall here.



## New Coastal Steamer For C. P. R.

An important addition to the Pacific Coast fleet of the Canadian Pacific was launched recently from the yards of John Brown and Co., at Glenora, and christened "Princess Elaine". This new vessel follows along the line of the coastal steamers of the company plying between Vancouver, Seattle, Vancouver Island and Alaska. The "Princess Elaine" is about 250 feet in length, with a gross register of 2,000 tons. She has been designed to maintain a speed of 19 knots an hour, being driven by three screws. After delivery some time in February, she will be placed on the run between Vancouver and Nanaimo on Vancouver Island. She has accommodation for about 1,200 passengers with ample facilities for dancing and social functions on board. Special arrangement on the lower deck have been made for the transportation of automobiles. This vessel will be delivered to the company at Vancouver after being routed from the Old Country by way of the Panama Canal. While she will mainly be used for service in the Channel and Queen Charlotte Sound, the vessel is qualified to be used between Seattle on the south and Skagway, Alaska to the north.

## Claims Continents Are Drifting Apart

Difference Of Three Feet Year Between Europe and America Says Scientist

Ottawa.—A variation in time differences between Tokyo, Ottawa and Greenwich, England, has been noted by officials at the Dominion observatory since longitudes were checked in 1904. Support thus is lent to the theory of Professor Wegener, eminent German scientist, that the continents of Europe and America are drifting apart.

Further comparisons will be made in another ten years and if the variation continues the Wegener contention will be regarded as confirmed.

Professor Wegener was struck by the fact that there were projections in the coast lines of Europe and Africa which approximately fitted into indentations in the coast lines of North and South America. He conceived the notion that at one time the four continents had been one but had been driven asunder by a mighty cataclysm of nature and were still drifting apart at the rate of approximately three feet a year.

## Thousands Fight For Sacred Relic

Hindus Pay Huge Sum For Garments Of Widow

London.—Thousands of Hindus fought to obtain fragments of the charred clothing of a Hindu woman who suffered fatal burns attempting to perform the ancient rite of suttee—self-immolation of a widow with the body of her husband—says a despatch to the Evening News from Allahabad.

The widow, who was rescued by the police from the funeral pyre of her husband, subsequently died of her burns, and her body was thrown into the sacred Ganges near Patna.

Hundreds of rupees were paid for possession of her garments, which are regarded by the Hindus as sacred. Fully 15,000 Hindus fought to obtain fragments of her clothing.

## Travelled By Dog Team

Doctor Made Long Trip To Aid Dying Boy

McCall, Idaho.—A dog team carrying a doctor on a sled, and pulling a hundred miles of black Idaho moccasins, was believed to have won its race.

Traversing the rugged snow-covered hills in bitterly cold weather, the mushers reached the Wordenford Mine in the Thunder Mountains in time for Dr. Don Numbers to administer to Bennett Rounton, 20.

Dr. Numbers began his trip to the mine by automobile. Heavy snow blocked him, and he enlisted the aid of Roy Slover, musher, and a team of crack sled dogs. Young Rounton was stricken with influenza and hemorrhages, and hope was given up for him unless medical help arrived quickly.

## TO INVESTIGATE PIONEER BELTS OF THE WORLD

Ottawa.—Canada will co-operate with a committee of the United States National Research Council in an investigation of the five pioneer belts of the world. The survey will be made with a view to determining the capacity of these belts to assimilate migration and increase the production of food supplies.

The Dominion, Siberia, Australia, South Africa and South America are the countries in which the leading pioneer belts are situated. In Canada, the belt extends through the northern portion of the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The scheme originated with the United States organization, looking toward the time when that country will require to import a greater quantity of food and when a surplus of American citizens may wish to find new homes. A resolution, it is understood, was passed by that body several months ago asking for co-operation in the work of investigation.

Dean Rutherford of the University of Saskatchewan, Dr. McIntosh and Dr. McArthur, of Queen's University, Kingston, waited upon Premier W. L. Mackenzie King and members of the cabinet in the matter. The delegation, which was heard in camera, urged that the Dominion Government co-operate by providing every available assistance through the various federal departments. After hearing the representatives Premier King promised the assistance of the federal department would be given. Already, it is understood, several universities have indicated their intention to co-operate.

## NEW PLAN TO END TROUBLES OF LITHUANIA

London.—The Daily Telegraph will publish the following from its Geneva correspondent:

It is understood that the following solution will be submitted to the council of the League Saturday for a clearing of the Polish-Lithuanian situation:

1. Poland shall agree to recognize the full and complete independence of Lithuania as a sovereign state.

2. The present so-called "state of war" between the two parties shall cease and more normal relations shall be established which, however, need not mean the resumption of consular or diplomatic relations, but must bring about a re-opening of railway, postal and telegraphic traffic as well as the transmission of traffic through Lithuania and Poland to neighboring countries.

3. The league council is to appoint a commission to visit both sides of the frontier between these two countries and report regarding the alleged mobilization of troops by Poland and also the existence of irregular armed bands which have been molesting the frontier villages, responsibility for which each country accuses the other.

The real question at the root of the whole dispute, namely, the occupation of Vilna by Poland, remains unsettled until March.

## Brings Damage Action

New York Historian Claims Anti-British Inquiry Injured His Name

Chicago.—Former Congressman John J. Gorman, appointed by Mayor Thompson to make an investigation of "pro-British taint" in Chicago school histories, finds himself defendant in a \$100,000 damage suit brought by Prof. David Saville Muzzey, of Columbia University.

The New York historian filed his suit in the United States district court here while Gorman resumed his testimony at the trial of William McAndrew, suspended superintendent of schools.

Muzzey charged that the former congressman wickedly and maliciously attempted to expose him to public hatred, contempt, and ridicule, when he reported that Muzzey's histories showed evidences of British influence and belittled the work of foreign born patriots of revolutionary time.

## Motion Of Censure Defeated

Ramsay MacDonald, Labor Leader, Moves Vote Of Censure Against Baldwin Government

London.—A motion of censure moved in the House of Commons against Prime Minister Baldwin for his failure to participate in the coal debate on November 16 was rejected by a vote of 347 to 142.

The vote of censure was moved by the Labor Leader, Ramsay MacDonald, and a seven-hour debate ensued. The Prime Minister, in the course of his remarks, explained the world tasks imposed upon him, and intimated that the duty of leadership in the House would eventually have to be delegated to some other minister.

## Used Radio For Press Messages

Batavia, Dutch East Indies.—The first attempt to transmit messages between the press by radio telephones between Europe and Asia has been carried out by the Dutch Telephone Administration, and was declared to be highly successful. Batavia was in communication with The Hague for more than two hours. The reception here was clearer even than in ordinary local communication.

## Flying Fatalities

Washington, From January 1 to October 31 of 1927, the first year of Government regulation and assistance of commercial flying, there were 109 persons killed in plane accidents and 58 injured in aerial service conducted for a profit, it was revealed by national statistics.

## Coolidge Will Not Run

Washington.—In his own words, Calvin Coolidge is "eliminated" as a candidate for President in 1928. He has not changed his stand of August 8, when, in the Black Hills, he said: "I do not choose to run," and he is emphatic now that "my decision will be respected."

## Unemployed In Britain

Official statistics show that 1,145,200 persons were unemployed for the week ending Nov. 28, in the British Isles. While a slight increase over the previous week, this figure is 250,887 under that of 1926 during the coal strike.

## Would Be A Hard Task

Welding Of U.S. and Britain Not Easily Achieved Says Sir Auckland Geddes

Emphasizing the necessity to "walk warily" and to appreciate the national differences on the question of Anglo-American relations, Sir Auckland Geddes, former British ambassador to Washington, warned the English Speaking Union at Manchester that an understanding was not to be achieved easily.

"In America there is not a deep fear on their minds as upon ours, as a result of the war," he said. "They were in it a much shorter time. Their casualties, heavy as they were in the units which fought so gallantly in France, were, as a nation, slight."

Sir Auckland cited the great surplus of women in England as another difference. The influence of "the mass of women voters affected to the whole of English life," he said.

"There is nothing comparable with it in America, and the things we do every day, the things parliament does almost as inevitable, are a shock to the differently constituted American opinion," he continued. "In mass they do not understand our nation at all; even in mass they do not understand the needs at all."

The former ambassador then assailed Viscount Cecil for resigning after the Geneva naval disarmament session.

"Some individuals," Sir Auckland said, "become so obsessed with their own ideas on how best to secure understanding and co-operation that unless what they think is right is done precisely, they are apt to throw up their hands in despair."

"We have had the most deplorable happening in connection with an understanding which should exist between the United States and ourselves, within the last few months, after the conference at Geneva, through one of our national delegates, thought it fit to resign his place in the government. I have heard direct from one of the delegates that never at any time were the slightest divergences in viewpoints between the delegates. Such a resignation, unfortunately is a set back to the cause of an understanding."

"It is to be regretted and it is a lesson to us who realize that individual viewpoints, however strongly held, should not be allowed to reduce themselves into national relations."

## Are Passengers Absent Minded?

On railways, Lose Thousands Of Small Articles Every Year

Most people would be surprised to know what the railway companies lose annually through "absent minded" passengers who put teaspoons into their trousers pockets, soap into their toilet bags, towels into their overcoat pockets, and even walk away with water drinking glasses from waiting rooms and refreshment bars, to say nothing of the leather window strap souvenir hunter who travels with a sharp knife.

One English railway recently took a special note of the abnormal number of aluminum teaspoons used by their different stations. They found that no less than 600,000 teaspoons "went west" during a year, principally from the southern counties. From the station in Scotland the number was "practically nil," perhaps the refreshment room ladies in the Land of cakes did not hand out the teaspoons to anyone.

On another line it is computed that 70,000 drinking glasses, "lose themselves" annually, and, owing to the attractiveness of towels for shoe cleaning and other purposes, another railway has installed automatic penny-in-the-slot machines in which each small towel is chained up like a ferocious lioness dog.

The Edmonton Journal figures out that Alberta farmers out of the grain crop alone will have over \$240,000,000 of real money to spend this year—that is \$2,000 for every farmer.



"Sir, I have come to ask for the hand of your daughter."  
"Join, tell my daughter, that the man who is here"—Pete Mole, Paris.

W. N. U. 1711

## No Country For Whites

Few Can Long Survive Conditions In West Africa

That West Africa has justly been called "The White Man's Grave," was the declaration of G. C. Dixon, of London, who recently came on an investigation into that country. In his report he says that the dreadful yellow Jack has been fatal to many at Lagos and has invaded Senegal and Liberia this year. Scorpions 10 inches long, tarantulas six inches across, and snakes of all kinds that even penetrate concrete and devour dogs in a night, leaving nothing but skeletons, are described by Dixon. "The Turkish bath-like air," he states, causes clothes to mould, curtains and rot books. Drier, yeast, bread, ice, milk and goat meat can be obtained only in the larger towns and Freetown is about the only place on the Coast where one may drink water with safety, he declared. "It adds that few whites can survive more than 20 years in that country."

## Doubtful About War

People Are Becoming More Reluctant To Fight

Few of us believe in war as we used to. We may be conscious that the folly of fools still makes war a present danger, but we do not talk as our fathers did, of just wars and advantageous wars. And that change is coming over the minds of realists as well as of idealists, of British Conservatives as well as of Scandinavian Liberals. It may presently begin to operate even in the minds of the Italian Fascists. Whether it is the result of peace, or some higher motive, that makes us reluctant to fight is of secondary importance; what matters is that the reluctance is there. The League of Nations is an expression of that reluctance, and has as its principal object the fostering of it, and the organizing of it into a definite institution for the maintenance of peace.

## Women Interested In Stock Markets

Such an active interest in the stock market has been taken by women recently in Toronto, that downtown brokerage firms are taking thought for their comfort and convenience. One firm announces that they will shortly open an office in which they will have a separate room for ladies, equipped with ticker and board and in charge of a competent woman consultant.

Hemp was grown in China as early as 2,800 years before Christ.

## Dominant In Wheat Trade

Canada Is The Largest Exporter Of Wheat In The World

Canada has become dominant in the wheat trade according to Sir Henry How, of London, England, the famous grain expert. In a recent statement to the press he is credited with stating:

"Before the war wheat, came from mainly seven sources—24 per cent from Russia, 12 per cent from Argentina, 11 per cent from Canada, 8 per cent from the United States, 7 per cent from India and Roumania, and 6 per cent from Australia."

"Last year's proportions were: Canada 52 per cent; Argentina, 18 per cent; United States, 11 per cent; Australia, 10 per cent; and Hungary, Yugoslavia, India, Algeria, and Roumania, contributed small amounts."

"With the elimination of Russia, Canada has become dominant and the wheat trade is concentrated in fewer countries."

"Three-fifths of the world's barley comes from Canada, with the United States, Roumania, Yugoslavia, Poland and Czechoslovakia supplying lesser quantities."

"Canada and Argentina now supply a third each of the world's oats and the United States one-fourth. Russia has dropped out in all these categories, where, before the war, she was an important exporter."

"Changes in buyers are also noted. Britain remains the chief buyer of all grains, but Japan has entered the market. Germany and Italy take 15 per cent of the world's wheat, while Belgium and Holland are big importers, but it is largely imported."

"Germany and Britain are the biggest barley importers. Of oats Britain takes 28 per cent, Germany nearly as much, and France half as much. Corn buyers are: Germany, 8 per cent; and France slightly more, while Spain, Norway and Italy have also increased corn requirements."

## Keep Canadians At Home

Declaring that immediate steps should be taken to check the exodus of Canadians to the United States, where, he contended, the rank and file of such emigrants were no better off than if they had remained at home, W. S. Falls, Montreal, president of the Manufacturers' Association, addressed the Export Club at Toronto.

According to a bacteriologist, a million germs can live on the head of a pin. It seems a strange dictum.

## Would Protect Boys From Prison Sentence

Bound To Result In Harm Says English Commissioner

"One of the greatest things you can do is to so educate and influence public opinion that in course of time, save in the most exceptional cases, it will be impossible for any English court to send any boy to prison," said Alexander Patterson, of the Prison Commission of the Home Office, in a recent address in London.

"After five years and a half of continuous service for prisons, I would say that, despite all the arrangements made by the governors and their staffs for separating the boy prisoner from the man, you can be certain of this—that in every case of a boy sent to prison there is contamination, and in a very considerable number of cases there is marked deterioration."

Mr. Patterson urged magistrates never to send a boy to prison, for even on days or three weeks. What good purpose could be served by it? If it was intended as a punishment, seven days in prison was no punishment at all. If it was intended to reform the boy, nobody could be reformed in seven days.

## Employment For Many Men

Keeping Fires Going In British House Of Commons Is Big Job

Every fall the firemen of the British House of Commons, who during the summer have to be found other work, return to their normal labors. There are between 800 and 1,000 fireplaces in the buildings. Lighting and tending these during the winter months keeps a considerable squad of men employed throughout the day. The method of lighting the fires is not dissimilar to that of the peat fires of the isolated Devon farms. Bundles of rough twigs are used, and these are bought from the contractors usually in deliveries of 25,000.

## Novel Winter Transportation

Winter transportation from The Pas to the Flin Flon mine area is now being provided by means of a "snowmobile," a car equipped with caterpillar traction. It is operated over snow and ice daily when there are enough passengers to pay \$30 for the round trip. The route runs westward from The Pas into Saskatchewan and then north and slightly east to Flin Flon.

The wife wise has no wishes for her husband to gratify.

## Put "Maverick" In Dictionary

Farmer's Cattle Grazed On Island and Had No Brand

J. S. Maverick, the owner of San Julian Ranch, near San Antonio, Tex., is the only farmer in the country who can boast that his cows have won their way into separate recognition in the dictionary. Webster's, under "maverick," says:

"From Samuel Maverick, a Texas cattle owner, who did not brand his cattle, his ranch being on an island; therefore, an unbranded animal, especially a motherless calf, formerly customary claimed by the first one branding it."

The story of the Maverick family is told in "Farm and Fireside" by J. S. Maverick, grandson of the original Samuel. The family has a brand now. They don't stamp it on the cow, however, but on the bottle.

"Sometimes I wonder what my grandfather would say if he could see me here producing certified milk on a little piece of land right in the heart of the old cattle country," writes the grandson. "In his day you could walk pretty well the whole 10 miles from San Antonio to the Mexican border without getting off his land. All we own now is eighty-six acres, but we have put Mexicans into milking suits and are producing certified milk at a profit of 5½ cents a quart. That's better than producing unbranded steers, the former product of the ranch that put the word maverick into the dictionary."

## Frosted Wheat For Feeding Hogs

Test Shows That It Makes A Profitable Feed

That frosted wheat makes a profitable feed for hogs was shown in tests made at Lacombe, Alberta, Experimental Station. In the tests it proved superior to either oats or barley. Compared with an oats, barley, and skim milk ration the pigs fed frosted wheat had an average daily gain of 1.37 pounds at a cost of \$3.26 per hundred pounds against a daily gain of 1 pound and a cost of \$6.51 per hundred pounds. Ground frozen wheat also showed to advantage in comparison with a ration of ground oats and barley.

## Record Yield Of Wheat

What is believed to be a record yield of wheat from a 22 acre field has been reported to the British Columbia Department of Agriculture by Charles B. Anderson, of Iola, B.C., in the Peace River District. His total output from the threshers was 1,595½ bushels, making an average of about 72½ bushels per acre. Mr. Anderson's report on this crop was accompanied by an affidavit attested by the Provincial Government Agent at Peace Coups, B.C. The wheat weighed 64 pounds to the bushel, or four pounds more than the standard 60 pounds per bushel.

## Pineapple Grown In New Jersey

A pineapple has been successfully raised in the sandy soil of South Jersey. Mrs. William C. Doobe drew a smile from the agriculturists of this section when she informed them last year that she intended to try to raise a plant of the Hawaiian staple. She smiled as she exhibited a full-sized luscious pineapple recently from a vine in her backyard. She said she would repeat the experiment next year.

## Will Collect More Duty

Hon. W. D. Euler, federal Minister of Customs and Excise, told the Border Cities Chamber of Commerce at Windsor that approximately 75 per cent of the recommendations made by the customs commission had or will be adopted. Notwithstanding cuts in taxation made during the past year, Mr. Euler said, revenue for this year, due to improved methods of collection, will exceed that of last year by approximately \$20,000,000.

## Must Prove Ability

"Tell the janitor to put up notices that no book agents are to be admitted to the building," said the publisher. "But you have just advertised for agents to sell our new work," protested the secretary.

"Of course, I want to try the applicants out. If a man could be stopped by a little thing like that, what good would he be to us?"

## "Would you like some views of the hotel to send to your friends?" asked the manager.

"Sir," replied the disgruntled guest, "it might be better for me to keep my views of this place to myself."

In Peru no self-respecting person will appear on the street carrying a parcel.

It's better to stop for a minute at a railroad crossing than forever.

## Shortage Of Water

Water Conservation Big Problem In Certain Sections Of The West

Water conservation is one of the biggest problems facing the Saskatchewan farmers, according to Dr. W. J. Rutherford, dean of the faculty of agriculture at the University of Saskatchewan, in a speech at Toronto a few days ago.

On the heavy clay plain in the south of the province, according to this speaker, water is very scarce. He repeated one of Hon. Charles Dunning's stories to emphasize the point. "A visitor asked a Saskatchewan farmer how far he drew water, and upon being told that the distance was 12 miles he was asked why he did not dig a well. 'Well, came the reply, 'I think it is easier drawing water 12 miles on the level.' This may be stretching the point, but at any rate the water is so deep in some cases that wells are out of the question, and trenches must be dug to catch and hold the rainfall. In this case the farms cannot raise very much stock economically, and grain farming, apparently, is the best business."

The rainfall throughout Central Saskatchewan, according to Dean Rutherford, runs around 15 inches, which falls during certain definite seasons. To make this go as far as possible a special system of farming has to be worked out, and in solving this and similar problems, the university plays a big part. "We learned long ago that one cannot go and tell a farmer what he should do," he said. "He will only make changes when necessary. We, at the university, try to anticipate these changes, and be ready to meet the new situation when it arises."

## Settling In Peace River

Considerable Influx Of Settlers During The Past Season

Reports from the Dominion Government Lands Agents in the Peace River District of Alberta indicate a considerable influx of settlers during the past summer, many of them being from the United States. The success of Herman Trelle, of Wembley, Peace River District, who won the world's championship for wheat and oats at the International Grain and Hay Show, Chicago, last year, and the expectation of additional railway lines for the district have, it is believed, been contributing factors in attracting increased settlement.

The Dominion Lands Agent at Grande Prairie, Alberta, has recorded 514 homestead entries and 26 soldier grants this season; and at Peace River, 418 homesteads and 26 soldier grants have been recorded.

## Popularity Of Ski-ing

Becoming One Of The Most Popular Of Our Winter Sports

Ski-ing has made tremendous strides in Canada during the past few years. This great outdoor sport has swept the country from coast to coast, enlisting armies of recruits, and is fast becoming one of the most popular of our winter pastimes. No outdoor activity pays its devotees with a more abounding measure of health and strength; none provides greater delight or a keener sense of freedom. Under a velvety mantle of snow, the bush trail, the lakes, the swamps, obstacles during a summer jaunt, become easy to traverse. Like the snowshoe the ski provides the key to the wilderness.

## Well Posted On War

Captain J. H. H. Dare, late librarian of the Imperial War Museum Library at South Kensington, England, has read 5,000 books about the Great War in the last six years. Many of those books have been sent from the United States. Many widows and mothers of men who have sent diaries of their soldier relatives to the museum.

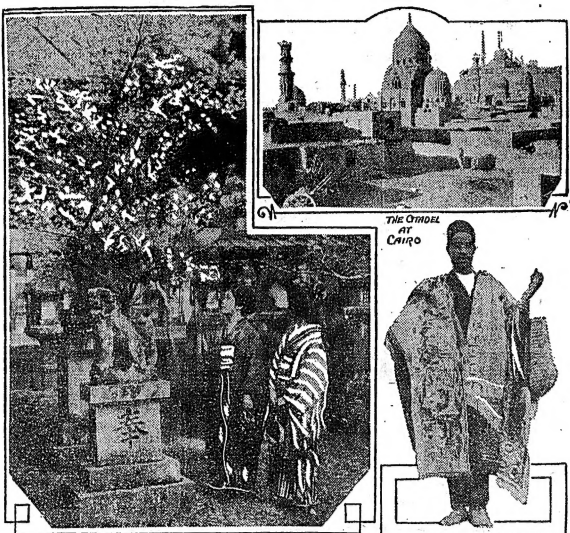
"Do you know anything about driving a car?"  
"Yes, I've often listened to my wife drive."

Patients and long suffering seems to be the motto of a good many doctors.



"You are looking for your little brother? I will help you to find him."  
"You mean?" — "Alvin!" Why not?"  
"We are playing at hide and seek!" Pages Gates, Yverdon.

## The Psychology of Color on a World Cruise



CHERRY BLOSSOM TIME, JAPAN

AGERS RUE MARCHANT

Colors that run rampant in the four corners of the world provide the contrasts that make a lasting impression on the memory of the world traveler. Districts wholly different in their color ensemble are but a few miles apart and the keynote of their striking contrasts is color. Today we hear much about color psychology, its effect on the senses of people and of animals; and how it affects temperament and even health.

Colors of the textured ports of the world that burst from quaint bazaars and the costumes of the inhabitants on the streets, vie with those of nature. The landscapes and seas differ; colors in architecture; and the colors of princes, peasant and paupers, gladden the eye and make the blood run riot in union.

From New York on December 2 the

Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of Australia, will commence another cruise to the contrasting ports of the world. This vessel will make an entire circuit of the globe anchoring in 56 ports and visiting 21 different countries, covering during the four months cruise approximately 25,000 miles.

Funchal, the capital of Madeira, and the first port of call is radiant with richly colored houses and gardens. Consuances here are likewise brilliant. Naples with the wonderful blue of its sea and sky, with Mount Vesuvius at one side and the Islands of Capri, Ischia and Procida in the distance, affords a vision of loveliness.

Japan in cherry blossom time is a land of color and sunshine, and pagoda towers above the masses of bloom. Its white summit contrasted

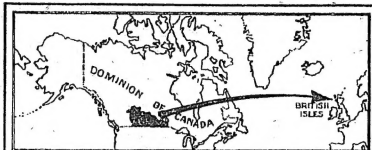
against the blue sky. New Year's eve in Cairo is most festive and here colors run riot. The bazaars, the palaces and bright hued mosques with their numerous minarets and domes are color schemes of rare beauty. Each of the countries offers an ever-changing vista of color and strike vividly into the memory, causing the traveler to become interested, consciously or not, in color psychology.

One of the features of the world cruise of the Empress of Australia, is the way detail worries have been taken out of the hands of the members of the cruise party. From start to finish the ship is their home. Worries in connection with foreign money, customs regulations and language are a thing unknown to the passengers, as these details have been worked out months ahead and handled calmly by the cruise managers on board.



# How Prairie Agriculture Has Led The Way In Strengthening The Economic Bonds Of Empire

The vigorous impetus which Western development has lent to Canadian progress during the present century is pretty generally realized, but it is doubtful whether there is full appreciation of the no less striking manner in which the prairie agriculture has likewise led the way in strengthening the economic bonds of Empire.



1897  
All Products

1927  
Wheat & Flour only

\$69,500,000

\$276,500,000

CANADA'S EXPORTS TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

For twenty years prior to 1897 Canada's commerce with the Motherland was virtually stationary, barely holding its own. Its value in 1895 was less than it had been in 1875, two decades earlier.

Then commenced the amazingly rapid settlement of the Canadian prairies—the development of wheat-growing resources on a scale that was destined not merely to remodel the busi-

ness life of the Dominion but to pour a torrent of new power into the sluggish channels of Empire trade. Within the past thirty years the commercial currents between Canada and the Mother Country have been revitalized and transformed. Today the United Kingdom's purchases of Canadian wheat and flour alone are many times greater in value than her total imports

## Silage Crops For Saskatchewan

Sunflowers Have Proved To Be The Most Dependable

The question of a suitable silage crop is attracting a good deal of attention among stockmen in Saskatchewan at the present time, states the superintendent of the Scott, Saskatchewan, Experimental Station in his latest annual report. He points out that, due chiefly to soil drifting, weeds, and the risk in straight grain growing, there is a gradual change taking place on the prairies toward a more diversified system of farming. This movement carries with it an increase in live stock necessitating silage as part of the winter feed particularly where dairy cattle are kept. Experience at the Scott Station has shown that under conditions in the district late spring and early fall frosts do considerable damage to corn. In cool seasons the yield of corn is always low. Oats have certain good points as a silage crop but in dry seasons, when silage is most needed, they lack the ability to produce a high succulent tonnage. Sunflowers have proved to be the most dependable silage crop at the Scott Station. They produce a larger green weight tonnage than either oats or corn and are able to withstand 6 to 8 degrees of frost without serious damage. They also stand drought considerably better than the other two crops. Under conditions in the district they are to be recommended as a silage crop even though it is true that yields from crops following them are not so high as those following corn.

## Develops Colorful Corn

Field Of Illinois Scientist Looks Like Flower Garden

The corn country of the middle-west may be transformed into rolling plains of varicolored beauty if farmers adopt the discoveries of Harvey J. Scone, Illinois agricultural scientist and author. Scone has developed varieties of corn into colors that would do credit to any flower garden.

Purple, green, bronze, yellow, lavender and pink cornsilk and leaves are a few of the shades that decorated his 2,500-acre farm near here. Graduated from the agricultural school of the University of Illinois, Scone started his selection and breeding in 1902. He has developed cobless corn, podded corn and "chrysanthemum corn."

While some of the varieties are of value only as curiosities, others have genuine economic value.

## Cure For Sea sickness

Gas masks now are provided for seafaring passengers on the North German Lloyd liner Stuttgart, and she came into harbor the other day with the report that 80 per cent. of the usual sickness was relieved on this trip by a device perfected by the ship's surgeons. It is nothing but a mask with the tang of solid earth in it.

First Stenop: Did you observe Fire Prevention Week?  
Second Ditto: Yes, I got into the office earlier; the boss was getting sore.

## Unprofitable For Feed

Hulls Should Be Sifted From Oat Chop For Young Pigs

If oat chop is to be fed to little pigs it is a worthwhile practice to sift out the hulls. The hulls are not only unpalatable to the young stock, but they are very difficult to digest. If time cannot be taken to remove hulls, it is doubtful if oat chop can be fed profitably to pigs under three or four months of age unless one is growing the hullless oats which thresh out ready for grinding into oatmeal which is good for all classes of stock. In an experiment conducted at the Lacombe, Experimental Station to test the advantage of removing the hulls from oat chop for little pigs, it was shown that during a feeding period of 127 days the gains made by the lot fed the oat chop with the hulls removed, cost a little less than \$4 a hundred pounds, whereas it cost \$5.70 per hundred pounds with the pigs given the oat chop complete. Furthermore, the lot getting the unsifted chop had to be carried on for about six weeks on a ration of barley chop to bring them up to a finishing weight. Bulletin No. 73 of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, entitled "Swine Husbandry in Central Alberta," expresses the view that the labor involved in sifting the oats by hand prohibits following the practice when large numbers of hogs are fed. Hullless oats, the authors of the bulletin claim, is the logical feed to use in the weaning ration where middlings and shorts are not available. The conclusion is reached that oat hulls as contained in oat chop are affected by sunstroke last year and weaning period and for the entire feeding period of the market hog when the oat ration is continued throughout the entire feeding period.

## A Profitable Sunstroke

Made Her Double Egg Production Says Lincolnshire Man

Does sunstroke make a chicken lay more eggs?  
The answer seems to be in the affirmative, judging from the eggs laid by a hen owned by R. F. Parker, of Lincolnshire, England. This fowl was afflicted by sunstroke last year and ever since has been laying two eggs at a time four times a week. On two occasions she has actually laid three eggs.

A short time ago the other hens in the roost became jealous of her prolific work and began attacking her. She was then separated from the others and immediately began showing her contentment for such treatment by laying eleven and twelve full-size eggs a week.

## Million Acres Of Fall Wheat

More than 1,000,000 acres were sown to fall wheat in Canada up to October 31 of this year, according to the latest report of the Dominion department of agriculture. Nearly 900,000 acres were sown in Ontario, and about 94,100 acres in Alberta.

Forty-eight years ago Edison's first electric lamp shone out and probably soon went out. But he had the idea.

## CANADIAN CHAMPIONS



Mervyn Anderson and Albert Wilton, of Roland, Manitoba, who won the hog raising and hog judging championship of the Boys' and Girls' Swine Clubs along the Canadian National Lines. They went to the Royal Exhibition, Toronto, as the guests of the Railway, and in competition with teams from Saskatchewan and the Maritimes, won the Dominion trophy awarded by W. D. Robb, Vice-President, Canadian National Lines, in charge of colonization and agriculture. Fred and Ray Lorenz, of Shellbrook, Saskatchewan, took third prize.

# The Beneficial Effect Of Tree Planting In The West Is Now Being Recognized

The planting of trees on prairie farms in Western Canada is having an appreciable beneficial effect on the quality and variety of agricultural production in that part of the Dominion. The large and growing annual distribution of planting material made from nursery stations of the Department of the Interior at Indian Head and Sutherland, Saskatchewan, is gradually changing the general appearance of the prairies in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, and the development of shelterbelts is being followed by the setting out of apple and small fruit orchards, gardens of fine vegetables and by the further beautification of prairie homes with shrubs, flower beds, and extensive lawns.

A recent report from the Tree Planting Division, Forest Service, Department of the Interior, indicates the growing success of tree planting and the new avenues of development opened up as a result of this work. Further and further ahead word of the success of the work is being carried and requests for stock are now received from practically every part of the prairies. At present the demand for trees is greater than it has been at any time in the twenty-seven years since the inauguration of free tree distribution and in 1927 these shipments were the largest so far with a total of 7,420,000 broadleaf seedlings and cuttings. These were sent out to over 11,000 farmers under the Department's co-operative plan. There is every prospect that the 1927 figures will be exceeded in 1928 as inspections have been made of 12,528 proposed new plantations, and trees to meet the requirements of these new applicants will be sent out next spring.

To ensure success in the establishment of shelterbelts active and helpful control is exercised by the Forest Service. From spring to June and August a corps of nine experienced field inspectors travel continuously inspecting proposed new plantations, advising farmers who are actually planting, and taking careful census of the plantations of the previous years. Incidentally they take note of the effect of the plantations on the social and economic life of the settler. The outstanding point has been the encouragement given to the growing of fruits and to the building up of really attractive home surroundings by the planting of ornamental shrubs and flowers and the setting out of lawns.

Twenty years ago the number of prairie farms with really first-class vegetable gardens was small and only rarely was the growing of fruits attempted. Reports to the end of August, 1927, covering 3,812 farms visited show that of this number 3,411 had good vegetable gardens; 1,258 were growing small fruits; 379 had ornamental shrubs; 265 were testing standard apples and crab apples; while 212 were growing plums.

Although the development of tree planting in the Prairie Provinces has been rapid in recent years, its rate of progress during the few years immediately following its inauguration in 1901 was comparatively slow. Settlers and others were very skeptical as to the possibility of growing trees successfully on the prairies and although the trees were to be had free only 47 farmers could be induced to set out plantations, and the total number of trees distributed in that year was but 54,800. The success of these early plantations encouraged other farmers to take advantage of the opportunity to beautify and improve their homes, and ever since there has been a gradual increase in the demand for tree planting stock.

Up to date the number of trees shipped from the Indian Head and Sutherland stations has reached 92,131,000 broadleaf seedlings and cuttings of maple, ash, caragana, poplar, and willow; all of these were furnished free of charge to those applicants who had ground in a satisfactory state of preparation. Of evergreens, 1,645,145 have been distributed. These were white spruce, Scotch pine, Jack pine, and lodgepole pine. Only limited numbers of evergreens are grown and so that account a nominal charge of \$3 per hundred is made. Although the primary function of the nursery stations is to supply trees for farm shelterbelts and woodlots, nearly 1,000,000 evergreen seedlings and transplants were supplied for planting on various national forests under the Dominion Forest Service.

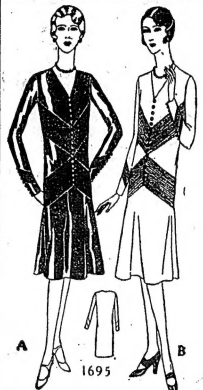
It is evident that in addition to beautifying the farm and thus greatly improving the environment of the prairie home, the establishment of shelterbelts directly benefits the farmer by raising the quality and increasing the quantity of the products of his farm. The results obtained from fruit grow-

ing are most encouraging. With the further development of shelterbelt planting and the production of harder varieties of fruits by the institutions now carrying on that class of work, it is reasonable to expect that in the not far distant future almost every prairie farmer will be raising supplies of fruit for domestic use.

## Wintering Turkeys

Should Never Be Housed With Hens Or In Heated Houses

Turkeys intended for breeders should be selected in the fall before fattening for market takes place. Only well-matured birds possessing good constitutional vigour should be chosen. Every precaution should be taken to secure birds that are free from disease, and males unrelated to the females. Proper housing and feeding during the winter is important. According to a Dominion Department of Agriculture bulletin on turkeys, the birds should not be confined to houses during the winter but should be allowed to roam at will during the day. The only shelter necessary at night is a straw barn or closed in shed. Turkeys should never be housed with hens or in heated houses, but protection from draughts, rain and snow is necessary. The breeding turkeys should receive only limited rations during the winter months. Hard grain should be given in preference to mash or ground grains. Equal parts of oats, wheat and buckwheat are suitable, but the buckwheat should be discontinued in the spring. In the winter one feeding a day is sufficient, the grain being scattered in the litter. Grit and oyster shell should be provided. Early in March an extra daily feed of grain should be begun, and starting about ten days later a wet mash made up of equal parts of bran, shorts, ground oats, and cornmeal properly mixed and moistened with sour skim-milk should be given at noon.



One Of The Season's Smartest Frocks

The employment of two materials, or the use of the hutton and dull side of satin, effectively fashions the smart frock shown here. The skirt is flared at front and the back is plain, and the only adornments are the buttons on the bodice and long dart-fitted sleeves. No. 1695 is in sizes 31, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 38 requires 2 1/2 yards 39-inch, or 2 yards 54-inch plain material, and 3/4 yard 39-inch contrasting. Price 29 cents the pattern.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

Troubles and thunder-clouds usually seem very black in the distance, but grow lighter as they approach.

To clean windows in freezing weather moisten a soft cloth with kerosene instead of water.

## Silage For Winter Lambs

Determining The Relative Value Of Sunflowers And Oats, Peas, and Vetch Silage

At the Kapuskasing, Ontario, Experimental Station, an investigation has been conducted during the last four winters to determine the relative value of sunflower and oat, pea and vetch silage as a part of the ration for winter lambs. The results indicate an advantage for the sunflower silage. The average daily gain per lamb, over four years, was 0.24 lb. for those fed sunflower silage; 0.17 lb. for those fed oats, peas and vetch. The feed cost per 100 pounds was \$10.37 for the former and \$15.63 for the latter.

## Did Not Waste His Time

Leaving the Kansas penitentiary on parole after he had served five years for grand larceny, Atwell Austin took with him the patent rights to an invention which he has been working on while a convict. The device is an electrically operated railroad crossing gate. Another convict advanced the \$100 necessary to secure the patent.

## Where the Scotsman Scored

A Scotsman was being shown over a battleship for the first time in his life, and being keenly interested in all he saw, he piled his guide with all sorts of questions. The marines seemed to interest him, and going up to one he pointed to the grenade on the marine's cap and asked what it was.  
The marine looked at him in surprise. "Don't you know what it is?" he asked. "Why, that's a turnip, of course." "Ach, mon," replied the Scotsman impatiently. "I was no' asking about yer head."

## For The 12 Months ended October 31, 1927, Canada exported

4,188,974 gallons of fresh cream and 5,347,176 gallons of fresh milk, having a combined total value of \$5,131,092. Practically all of these dairy products went to the United States.

For every successful man you meet you will meet a dozen unsuccessful ones who claim to have given him a start.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Banff winter carnival is to be held the week of February 4 to 11 this winter.

Sweden's first woman judge, Miss Mary Traugott, has made her debut in the county assizes at Svalstora, near Stockholm.

The annual dog racing classic of Eastern Canada, the Eastern International Dog Sted Derby, will be run again at Quebec City, February 20-22.

The first Anglo-German hockey game since the war was played at Folkestone, England, December 8, and resulted in a draw with a score of 2-2.

A caution is issued at Ottawa by the Canadian Tuberculosis Association against accepting too readily "cures for tuberculosis," announcements of which have been recently published.

Engineers of the Canadian Marconi Company are conferring with officials of the Radio Corporation of America on plans to start a short wave system between New York and Montreal.

On a clipping from an American rotogravure newspaper, Alexander L. McKay of North Vancouver made his will, two days before he died. The will was probated in supreme court there.

Feeling that their interests require more adequate representation, residents in the North West Territories are petitioning the Dominion parliament for a seat to be provided for that section of the country.

Announcement is made from London, England, that the Empire Marketing Board will give a special reception and dinner to the party of Canadian farmers which is to go overseas during the coming winter.

After 52 years of continuous service, Frances E. Harrison, Vancouver postmaster, has been superannuated, effective June 30 next. On January 1 Mr. Harrison will leave on six months' vacation with full pay.

## Canada Retires Loan

Financing By Federal Government Shows a Healthy State Of Affairs

An indication of the healthy state of Canada's financial condition is given in a recent announcement by Hon. James A. Robb, Canadian Minister of Finance, to the effect that of \$100,000,000 loans maturing between Nov. 1, and December 1, \$55,505,650 will be paid out of revenue and the balance of \$44,494,350 will be taken care of by an issue of four per cent. three-year treasury notes which have been sold to the chartered banks of Canada at par. By this arrangement interest charges of \$3,007,500 annually will be saved.

The sale of these treasury notes marks the first financing since 1912 which the Dominion Government has effected at a net cost as low as four per cent. The treasury notes will be dated December 1, 1927.

**Per Capita Power Installation**  
As the industrial prosperity of a country is largely dependent upon the amount of mechanical power available to its workers, Canada's high average of 513 horse-power of hydraulic installation per 1,000 of population places her in a most advantageous position among the countries of the world.

A safe and sure medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

**Value Of Dog Teams In Far North**  
What the camel is to the desert and the motor car is along macadamized roads, the "huskie" is to travellers over the snows of Northern Canada. The efficiency of the dog team as a means of travel is shown by the fact that a trained team can make a distance of 40 miles a day, and maintain this speed for days together.



"What do you want for your birth day?"  
"A piece of string."  
"A piece of string?"  
"Yes, with a clockwork horse at the end of it."—Pages Gales, Yverdon, Switzerland.

W. N. U. 1741

## Figures On Britain's Debt

Payments Made To U.S. Far Exceed Collections From Debtor Nations

No matter how many times the figures are given, there seems to be no belief that insists that Great Britain is collecting enough from her debtors to pay the amounts she hands over to the United States.

Here are the figures, as prepared by A. M. Samuel, financial secretary of the British Treasury.

This is what Britain received for the last fiscal year:  
Germany ..... £45,000,000  
Italy ..... 8,000,000  
France ..... 7,000,000  
Others ..... 575,000  
During the same period Britain paid to the United States £194,402,000.  
Or, to make it very plain, put it down this way:  
Britain paid out .... £194,402,000  
Britain received ..... 60,575,000

Difference ..... £133,827,000  
Britain had to get out and dig for that difference; she had to take it from her people, and from sources that would otherwise have been turned to the production of revenue for domestic needs.

It might be worth while to flip these figures out and file them away. For it will not be long before some person again comes to the front with the claim that Britain is collecting in war debts from other nations as much as she is paying to the United States.

## Summer Fairs Are Popular

Canadian National Exhibition Leads All Others On Continent In Attendance

The Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto led all the fairs on the continent last summer in attendance with 1,570,000. The state fair of Texas was second with an attendance of 1,029,000. These figures were contained in the report of E. L. Richardson, of Calgary, president of the International Association of Fairs and Expositions.

Fairs each year are becoming more popular and more successful, educationally and financially. More than 52,000,000 persons attended the 2,368 fairs in the United States and Canada this year. The attendance has increased by about 2,000,000 persons every year since 1910.

Investment in fair buildings and grounds now totals about \$250,000,000, while premiums and prizes last year had a total value of more than \$5,100,000.



A Chic Frock

This charmingly youthful frock is a new and decidedly smart style for the lass or small woman. The two-piece skirt is attached to a scalloped bodice, and lace or contrasting material is effectively used for the front inset and lower part of the gathered sleeves, and a belt fastens at the front with a buckle. No. 1694 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 2½ yards 39-inch, or 2½ yards 41-inch material and 1½ yard 39-inch contrasting. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

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T. P. DEVLIN,  
Assistant Agricultural Agent at Winnipeg, who has been promoted Divisional Superintendent of Colonization and Agriculture, Canadian National Railways, with headquarters at Saskatoon.

## Wheat Pool London Office

Will Act As Intermediary Between Winnipeg and European Countries

Interviewed on reaching Liverpool, D. L. Smith, of Winnipeg, former general sales manager of the Canadian wheat pool, who was accompanied by R. A. McPherson, Delta, Alta., a director, stated that he had journeyed to England to establish a London office for the pool, but he said, did not mean that Canadian grain would be any cheaper here. He pointed out that neither the pool nor the Canadian farmer could sell crops any cheaper.

"As a matter of fact," Mr. Smith said, "your bread is considerably cheaper than ours in Canada, although we have grain on the spot." He explained that his idea in opening the London office was to act as an intermediary between Winnipeg and the European countries. Direct selling to the miller was not contemplated, he said.

Mr. MacPherson said the season's crops for Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan controlled by the pool was 410,000,000 bushels, but owing to frost the quality was somewhat inferior. "We do not want to screw the customer, but our farmers are growing wheat for business, not for pleasure," he said.

Mr. Smith, in commenting on the state of farming in Britain, said it seemed to be in much the same condition as that in the United States. Wealth in both countries, he said, was in the cities, and both countries were crying for state aid for agriculture. He feared English farmers should meet together more and work in closer co-operation, as was done in Canada.

## A Profitable Wheat Crop

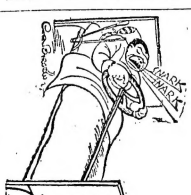
Phenomenal Yields Of Wheat Reported From All Parts Of Alberta

Phenomenal yields of wheat and other grains are being reported from all parts of Alberta. R. R. Fraser, a farmer at Munson, Alberta, had a total yield of 12,120 bushels of wheat. One field of 102 acres of winter wheat produced 7,250 bushels of 70½ bushels to the acre, while a 120-acre field of spring wheat yielded 4,810 bushels or 40 bushels to the acre, so that his average for the two fields was 56½ bushels per acre.

The province of Alberta has a wheat crop this year of 178,519,000 bushels, the largest crop in its history, and an increase of 65,395,000 bushels over last year.

**The Range Of Jack Pine**  
The Jack pine (Pinus Banksiana) has a very wide range in Canada. It is found from Nova Scotia to the Rocky Mountains and northward in the valley of the Mackenzie River to Great Bear Lake. Its best development as a timber tree is reached in northern Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta.

Bill—"Where are you going with that lantern? Looking for a wife?"  
Deke—"Sure. How did you guess?"  
Bill—"Zilly. I never used a lantern."  
Deke—"Well. I don't doubt it."



How Mr. Blidruhen's bed is fixed up so that he can fall into a deep, and peaceful slumber.—Kasper, Stockholm.

## Aviation In Canada

People Not Sufficiently Interested and Country Is Lagging Behind

In one respect Canada is a decidedly backward country. It is behind almost every other civilized country in the development of aviation. It is not because there is less need of air service here than elsewhere, for, in a land of such vast distances and remote settlements not reached by ordinary means of transportation and communication, aviation should be of more practical use than in small and compact countries. It is not because our young men are not naturally qualified for air service and not interested in it, for in the last year of the great war most of the officers in the British air service were Canadians, and some of them were famous aces with records of achievement not surpassed by those of any other airman anywhere. But somehow our civilian population has not become interested in air navigation. Most Canadians regard airplanes still as playthings—instruments of sport rather than machines of practical use. Until recently this has been the attitude of most Americans also, but the system of visits paid by Colonel Lindbergh to all the states of the Union has created an interest in the subject which is still lacking here.

What Lindbergh has done in the States Major-General Macbride, late chief-of-staff in the department of national defence, is trying to do in Canada. He is working for the organization of a National Canadian Air League, with a branch in every town. In an address to the Empire Club at Toronto he outlined the objects of the league which are: "To ensure the fullest possible development of civil and commercial aviation in Canada; to foster Canadian education in aeronautical engineering, and inspire research and manufacture; to develop an air force adequate to the requirements of national defence." Objects, all of them, worthy the support and encouragement of every patriotic Canadian. Every considerable Canadian town should have its public airfield.

## Says Electric Power Will Be Broadcast

Scientist Believes It Will Be Accomplished Before Long

The trans-oceanic aeroplane of the future will be made without fear of running out of gasoline—because no gasoline will be used. Nicola Tesla, eminent electrical scientist and inventor, makes the prediction with perfect confidence, saying that electric power soon will be broadcast as radio waves now are.

Disclaiming his statement to be that of a visionary, Tesla offered as proof of the fact that he already has succeeded in sending power through the air—nearly half way around the world—with a loss of 1 per cent. of its strength. When this fact can be duplicated cheaply enough to make it applicable to practical use, power would be produced only at great central stations and then broadcast over a wide area for use in motor cars, aeroplanes, homes and factories.

Tesla believes he will live to see the plan in operation.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Doty Barclay)

## POOR MAN'S PUDDING

6 cups whole milk.  
1½ cup rice.  
1½ cup sugar.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
1 teaspoon nutmeg.  
¼ cup raisins.  
Put all together in a buttered pan in a moderate oven. Stir frequently at first, and then occasionally. Bake 2 hours. Should be creamy. Better cold than hot.

## PINEAPPLE PUNCH

1 quart water.  
2 cups sugar.  
2 cups chopped pineapple.  
1 cup orange juice.  
¼ cup lemon juice.  
Boil water, sugar and pineapple 20 minutes. Add fruit juices, cool, strain and dilute with ice water if necessary. Either fresh or canned pineapple may be used.

## Minard's Liniment for Grippe.

Exports of cheese from Canada for the 12 months ended October 31, 1927, totalled 117,318 cheddars valued at \$22,627,501. Most of this cheese found a market in the British Isles. Exports of Canadian butter during the same period were 3,527,400 pounds valued at \$1,317,593.

Captain—Right about, face!  
Rook—Thank goodness, I'm right about something!

Don't waste time slighting over what might have been; make the best of what is.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON  
DECEMBER 18

THE EARLY PROPHETS OF ISRAEL

**Golden Text:** "God, having of old time spoken unto the fathers in the promises, hath fulfilled them in thee, O Israel."—Hebrews 1:1, 2.

**Devotional Reading:** Psalm 67.

**A Review By Means Of Allusions**  
The sun is set; and in his latest beams  
You little cloud of ashen gray and gold  
Slowly upon the amber air unrolled.

The falling mantle of the prophet  
scans—Longfellow.  
The Assyrian came down like the wolf on the fold,  
And his cohorts were gleaming in purple and gold;  
And he has left the forest when autumn had flown,  
That host on the morrow lay withered and brown.—Byron.

We also have our calling of God, as truly as any ancient prophet; and round us also the tempest at times abouts, and beneath our feet the earthquakes tremble, and about us the threats to destroy.—John Pease Hopes.

Let each one ask himself whether he is seeking to please God by doing justly, loving mercy, and walking humbly before him; whether he is on the side of God, and of the things which are pleasing in God's sight.—Borden P. Bowne.

On Carmel's height a strong man bowed in prayer;  
Hopeless apart from God, in prayer he bowed.—Winifred A. Iverson.

The Nebuchadnezzars are God's axes with which he hews down fruitless trees. They are responsible for their acts, but they are his instruments, and it is his hand that wields them.—Alexander Maclean.

We may win our vineyard, but all the pleasure it gives when conscience accuses us at the gate.—F. B. Meyer.

"Let justice, unimpeded by avarice or selfishness or cruelty, roll down as waters."  
If he shows me the achievements of a brother man, touches my lips with a kiss from off the altar.—Carlyle.

The words of a man Jesus is drawing men; in the hands of love He is hailing the world together."  
We are, we are, the grace of courage, that we be one of us cast down when we sit lamenting amid the ruins of our happiness or our integrity; touch with the cords of the altar, that we may be up and doing to rebuild our city.—H. J. Stevenson.

Take the task He gives you gladly.  
Let His work your pleasure be;  
Answer quickly, when he calleth,  
"Here am I, send me, send me."  
—March.

Up, Christians, leave your caves and do!—W. B. Meyer.

Some of the dull blind priests on that day were saying, "Religion means sacrifice and burnt-offerings. Then they prophesied, then the folly of all those outward signs of devotion apart from the inward spirit."

## Many Deaths From Falls

Average About 14,000 Every Year In United States

It has been computed that fatalities in the United States due directly to falls, average about 14,000 per year. Thus, in the last eight years, more persons have lost their lives from this cause than from all the wars in which the United States has ever been engaged.

It is a growing practice among transportation lines to place conspicuously such signs as "Watch Your Step" and it would seem that a wider distribution of these warnings might result in the prevention of many distressing accidents.

Falls and accidents, like fires, generally result from small acts of carelessness or oversight. Even temporary recklessness or a moment's thoughtlessness has cost many a life.—Thrift Magazine.

## Camels Once Roamed West

Camels are commonly understood to belong exclusively to the Old World. It was not always so, however, as a specimen recently acquired by Canada's National Museum at Ottawa amply demonstrates. This is the fossilized frame of a camel which a few million years ago roamed over the western plains of North America which were then dry. This curious specimen has been placed on exhibition in the Hall of Paleontology.

## They Just Don't Argue

The Prince of Wales says the person who says "No" to children can do with holidays is the sort of person one does not argue with. His Royal Highness might have added that the person who says children do require holidays is not the sort of person the boys and girls argue with.

Lawyer—Better plead guilty. The judge will give you only two years at the outside.

Culprit—Yas. But how many years do you inside he gwine gimme? Dat wat I want to know.

New 'Plane Is  
Weather Proof

Can Travel Under Any Conditions

**Opinion Of Inventor**  
An airship which, it is said, will be able to cross the Atlantic and back in almost any weather, has been designed by four young engineers of the United States. It has a rigid keel, though the ship is of the half-rigid type, and can carry with ease forty passengers and cargo, while it can negotiate any of the difficulties met with in night flying, or in fog.

Two big rigid airships are now being built by the British Government for long distance transatlantic and trans-oceanic transport, involving nonstop flights of 1,000 miles and upwards.

The new airship has a torpedo shape without the usual projections. Spacious sleeping and saloon accommodations will be provided, free from noise and vibration.

The new keel arrangement is said to give an enormously increased internal strength. Risks due to fire, leakage of the envelope, landing on water or in high wind, retreating in flight, have all been dealt with in detail.

Lieut. C. Lincoln Satten, late R.N., said that although the envelope of the proposed new airship is filled with inflammable gas no fears need be entertained as to its safety.

A new type of ground plant has been evolved for use on land or water which makes it possible to handle the ship in any weather, employing only the ship's crew and a ground staff of two men.

Mr. Graham Wood, the designer and inventor of the airship, which fulfills the early predictions of H. G. Wells, qualified as an air pilot in 1912. He was one of the first 500 airmen to qualify in this country.

## Has New War Device

Japanese Doctor Experiments With Human Air As Explosive

Experiments with a new type of explosion which may revolutionize the nature of warfare and the explosive methods used in industry have developed in the Tokyo laboratory of Dr. Hantaro Nakakawa, a prominent Japanese authority on physics. The method is to pass a direct current of 40,000 volts and 10,000 amperes through a human hair or metal wire. Under such circumstances the hair explodes instantaneously, producing 10,000 degrees of heat, accompanied by a report as if many guns were fired. It is said Dr. Nakakawa began this experimentation in an effort to solve mysteries relative to the atomic activity of the hot stars. Human hair is said to be largely cellulose, and contains material from which most modern high explosives are made.

## Preserving "Pusher" Plane

Earliest One Used By Curtis Only Survivor Of Its Type

The old Curtiss "Pusher" plane, in which Glenn Curtiss made some of his earliest flights, will take its place among antiquities in the Smithsonian Institution soon. The plane, its joints loose and its frame rusty, has been hauled out from the junk heap at the Curtiss Aeroplane Company's factory, and mechanics are getting it ready for its last resting place. It has been earthbound since 1925 when Dert Carston took it up for an exhibition flight.

The plane so far as is known, is the only survivor of its type. It was known as a pusher plane because the engine was behind the pilot and the propeller pushed the plane along sometimes as fast as fifty miles an hour.

## Sales Are Not Brisk

Although whaling was a profession as almost extinct, one concern in Seattle still receives orders for harpoons from isolated whalers in the North Pacific and Atlantic. A recent order received was for three heavy whale harpoons to be shipped to a Norwegian port.

If you would be somebody in the world begin by being yourself.



"Now I have bought you that hoop, I hope that you will sit quietly near me!"—Journal, Vienna, Paris.



**Make Your Own SOAP and Save Money!**

All you need is waste fats and

**GILLET'S PURE FLAKE LYE**

Full Directions With Every Can

**YOUR GROCER SELLS IT!**



## PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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## CHAPTER XIII.—Continued

To Helmi it was all a miracle. The lightning, which to her was a definite personality, a real, living spirit, terrible in its workings, had given Jack her straight and quiet and sure it had come and struck him into her arms. Maybe sometimes lightning did kind things for people. It couldn't always be angry. Helmi felt the same thrill of something wonderful and vast, yet kindly, which swept her heart when she stood up to sling with the girls at the party in the church basement. She knew that God was her friend. God had spoken again in the lightning. Helmi was deeply awed, but deliciously happy. The lightning too, was her friend.

On the second morning Jack Doran awakened. Helmi was beside him in a moment.

"Tell me, Helmi," he said, "what happened? I remember the storm, and you coming running and calling to me. The lightning ran blue over my saw. Then what?"

"A great shyness seized Helmi, but she told him as well as she could. "I am all right now, Helmi, am I not?" he asked doubtfully.

She nodded.

After a long pause Jack seemed suddenly to realize what she had done. "You're a good Scott," he said, "how did you happen to come out through the storm?"

She told him all about Peter Saari and her fears for him. "I know how you felt," she said, "about wanting to work, even if it was Sunday. It is good to build a house any day, but I was afraid God might not understand and be mad at you, and so I ran out to get you."

"You're a good Plangli," Jack said drowsily. "Will you let me get up now?"

Helmi's eyes were very dreamy and tender when she ran downstairs and sent one of the men upstairs to help Jack to get dressed. The other men in the bunkhouse discussed the matter after she had gone, old Sin, the night watchman, leading.

"I wouldn't wonder if Helmi, for all her haughty ways, would fall in love with young Jack. A woman loves to take care of a man, and, after all, most matches are made by an old conspirator called 'Proximity.' Any girl, any man—put them together—'Whiff!' Old Sin made a sound which sounded more like the blowing out of a match than making of one.

## CHAPTER XIV.

As the summer advanced through the hot days of July, redolent with sweet grass and wild roses, to the harvest haze of August, through which the sun shone with a golden glow of

**COLDS COST MONEY**

It is estimated that a sufferer from colds loses three days' time from work in a year.

**FORTIFY YOURSELF AGAINST COLDS, GRIPPE**

Time you body with

**DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY**

All Dealers, Liquid or Tablets.



W. N. U. 1711

## To Continue Livestock Business

United Grain Growers To Continue Operations In Western Provinces

A resolution definitely instructing the board of directors of the United Grain Growers, Ltd., to maintain the company's livestock business in the western provinces was adopted by delegates at the annual meeting at Winnipeg.

The resolution was passed after a five-hour discussion during which a directors' report was presented recommending the closing of the company's Alberta business. Alberta delegates vigorously opposed the report. The adopted resolution reads: "We instruct the directors to continue the operations of United Livestock Growers Ltd., on the markets of St. Boniface, Man., Calgary and Edmonton, and also at Moose Jaw if they consider it advisable to do so at that point."

The United Growers, Ltd., is the organization through which the cattle business of the U.G.G. is operated.

of the men, at which Bill Larsen's face darkened.

"Oh, Jack Doran," said Mrs. McManu scornfully; "Jack Doran will make a little higher than a foreign girl, and a waitress at that. His people are prominent citizens in the East, and although Jack is a wild young chap and likes his fun, he wouldn't go to the length of marrying so far out of his station. I know Jack pretty well, and I'm not afraid."

"Well, you know," said the man who had spoken first, "he wouldn't go so far wrong if he married Helmi. If you ask me, she's as good as he is."

This conversation took place on a Sunday afternoon in September. Jack and Helmi had gone for a drive to the English River, where, beside the falls, they had cooked their bacon on a fire of sticks. It was a dreary day in the luxuriant Autumn, when the foliage was beginning to show like gold brocade against the darker green of the mountains.

Helmi had brought her English reader, and put it in his hand as soon as the meal was over. "Read it, Jack," she said, "this is the place."

"By Nebo's lonely mountain, On this side Jordan's wave, In a vale in the land of Moab There lies a lonely grave."

Jack read the poem through. "Do you understand it?" he asked.

Helmi shook her head. "Not all—some—but I love it. One does not have to understand. It gives me such a happiness here," touching her heart, "that I want to cry. I know it is about a good man. He died—God buried him quiet. Maybe it was over in that mountain—that would be good place. Read it again, Jack, please; I will watch close. Maybe I will see angels going into that cave!"

Jack laughed. "Helmi, you're a queer egg," he said. But he too, found himself lifting his eyes to the small mountain, for never before to him had the solemn and moving measures throbbed with such majesty and power; and when it was done, and Helmi's eyes, shining with a hidden fire, looked into his, it seemed to him that the soundless feet of angels were passing by.

Helmi sat with her back against a tree, her shining hair catching the sunshine like the golden tress around her. Her eyes were fixed on the distant hills in deep adoration. To Jack she seemed like some beautiful spirit of the wood.

(To Be Continued.)

## Eskimos Feared White Men

Reason the First Newcomers Were Killed Says Legend

Helge Bangsted has left with his sled on a trip to visit the Ice Cap. Before leaving he told this Eskimo legend.

Once two hunters went out in their kalaks and paddled for a very long time, days and nights. When they grew tired they would go ashore on a small island and rested a while. They were out looking for new lands and hunting grounds.

One day when they were paddling they saw a boat with two men in it. They thought the men were new countrymen, but when the Eskimos came closer they were very much surprised, because they saw that the two men in the boat had taken off all the hide from their faces and hands. They did not look like humans, they were both white.

The Eskimos tried to talk to them, but the two men in the boat had also changed the human language, and were only making a noise which the Eskimos could not understand.

The Eskimos were very much frightened and harpooned the men and threw their bodies into the water.

The foregoing is said to be one of the very first traditions about white men up here.

The 100-mile trip to the Greenland Ice Cap, with reference is made in the foregoing dispatch to be made by Bangsted and Professor James E. Church of the University of Michigan Expedition for the purpose of studying the weather in this cradle of storms. They are travelling by dog team and plan a three-month stay at the Ice Cap.

If Adam were living he would be 5331 years old, according to computations of the late John P. Brady of Baltimore, who found the first man was born in the Garden of Eden on October 28, 4004 B.C.

"It caught by traffic in the middle of the road, the best thing to do is to stand still," says an expert. And it thus permits scribble a farewell message on the back of a visiting card.

Fifty new Wesleyan chapels have been opened in London in the past year.

A rainfall of one inch means 27,113 gallons of water per acre. This is equivalent to 226,612 pounds.

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Vicks' healing, anti-septic ingredients bring soothing relief. Apply gently.

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OVER 2 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

## Made Will On Paper Scraps

Disposal of Queen Alexandra's Property Is Hard Task

Recently there was a hurried and important gathering of the royal family at Sandringham to discuss Queen Alexandra's will and the disposition of her property.

That there have been difficulties in distributing the enormously valuable collection of gold and silver treasures, furniture, tapestries and objects of art is well known. This has been talked about in every club in the west end for months.

One of the reasons for the delay in the Prince of Wales going into residence at Marlborough House is the difficulty over the disposal of the property.

King Edward left Queen Alexandra all his personal property at Buckingham Palace and the use of all his possessions in the way of furniture, pictures, plate, etc., at Sandringham for her life, these possessions to revert to King George on her death.

When Queen Alexandra made Marlborough House her London home she had transferred there all King Edward's personal possessions that were at Buckingham Palace. How valuable these possessions are may be judged from the fact that the silver and gold treasure in the way of massive gold cups, tea services, candlesticks, pilgrim bottles (silver and gold), some three feet in height, shields, etc., that King Edward left, were valued by court gold and silversmiths at £2,600,000 sterling.

All the treasure was placed in the plate room at Marlborough House. It was apparently Queen Alexandra's intention to leave the bulk of her property to Prince Olaf, heir to the crown of Norway, and her favorite grandson. But whatever her intention was, she apparently did not wish this. From time to time she scribbled on half sheets of note paper how she wished her personal possessions disposed of after her death.

## Aviators Are Worrying

Lack Of Ice In Hudson's Straits Hampers Activity

Weather conditions in the Hudson's Straits are much milder than was generally supposed and the absence of ice in that body of water was somewhat hampering aerial activities.

This was stated by Alex Johnson, deputy minister of marine and fisheries, when asked as to the progress being made by the airmen operating in the straits.

The lowest temperature registered to December 5, according to reports received from the various air stations, was that the mean barometric reading was 29.25.

At Port Dufferin, on the Eastern entrance of the straits, there was no ice in sight.

Three air stations were established this summer by the government for the purpose of making observations with a view to ascertaining how the period of navigation in and out of the straits might be extended and what aids to navigation might be required.

## Have Started Long Hike

Paul Christensen and William Work, two Vancouver boys, started from Victory Square from Vancouver on December 2, on the first lap of a trans-continental walking tour which will take them to Saint John, N.B., by September. Both are prominent athletes.

## Cattle On Prairie Farms

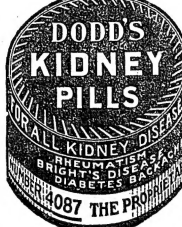
There were 2,921,630 cattle on farms in the three Prairie Provinces of Canada—Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta—in 1925 according to the census taken last year by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Artificial flowers made of feathers are becoming popular in England.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**

BRITISH KIDNEY PILLS

4087 THE PRO



## Vast Collection Of Gifts Of Remembrance

Have Been Placed Within Tomb Of Unknown Soldier

The tomb of the Unknown Warrior in Westminster Abbey was opened recently. The fact, which has become known to many persons has occasioned considerable surprise and some anxiety.

Exactly why the tomb was opened can now be explained.

This important step was taken by the Abbey authorities to enable them to place inside the tomb the vast collection of tokens of remembrance, some of them of great intrinsic value, placed upon it by the relatives of the fallen.

It was not until some time had elapsed after the formal consecration of the tomb that the problem of dealing with these spontaneous gifts became acute.

Every day the officials saw the pile of gold and silver trinkets, medals, crucifixes, rings and other articles, growing larger and larger.

For a time, the tokens were lodged with the Dean's vergers, but it soon became obvious that a permanent home would have to be found for them.

Accordingly, it was decided to place them in the tomb with the remains of the Unknown in whose honor they had been deposited.

The actual task of opening the tomb was conducted with the utmost secrecy. In the presence of a few responsible officials a small cavity was made, into which the pathetic collection of relics was gently and lovingly placed.

## Predicts Rapid Growth Of Canada

Population Of 23,000,000 People By 1950, Believes Premier Gardiner Of Saskatchewan

A prediction that Canada would have a population of 23,000,000 people by 1950 and the declaration that the Dominion does not want parasites because "if there is any country in the world where men cannot live without working it is Canada," featured an address delivered by Premier James G. Gardiner of Saskatchewan at a Canadian Club banquet held in Brandon recently.

Mr. Gardiner graphically outlined the future development of Canada, and stressed the urgent necessity of increasing the country's population. He stated that a great many of the men who had made a success of farming in Saskatchewan had come to Canada early in life without farming experience.

## Sounds Note Of Warning

Dangerous Doctrines Appearing In The West, Says University Professor

A note of warning that Western Canada was coming under the sway of an intellectual aristocracy in the same way that Russia had been controlled by a political and social aristocracy was voiced by Dr. W. M. Swanson, professor of economics at the University of Saskatchewan, addressing the Saskatoon Eclectic Club.

"There are dangerous doctrines appearing in the West," he said. "A new tyranny is springing up. Our political and social life is in danger of being directed by an intellectual aristocracy which seeks to shape our politics and direct our affairs. Such an aristocracy it was, that ruined Imperial Russia—an aristocracy that flourished on the poverty and suffering of the common people."

## A Good Definition

The geography lesson was almost over, and the teacher decided it was about time she asked a few questions. "What are the leaders of different Red Indian tribes called?" was her first query.

"Chiefs," answered a small boy. "Correct," smiled the teacher. "Now, can anybody tell me what the wives of these men are called?"

For a minute or two there was complete silence. Every pupil in the class was thinking hard. Finally, the small boy stepped into the breach. "Miss Chiefs," he cried proudly.

## Feldspar Production In Canada

The entire production of Canadian feldspar comes from the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, the chief producing localities being in the vicinity of Sudbury in Sudbury district, Verona in Frontenac county, Perth in Lanark county, and Hybla in Hastings county, Ontario; and in the vicinity of Thelma, in Hull county, Quebec. There is a small production from the Parry Sound district in Ontario, and a deposit at Quetachou Bay on the lower St. Lawrence River in Quebec was developed to some extent in 1922.

Colas of West Africa, Cyprus, Palestine, East Africa and many other parts of the British Empire are made at the Royal Mint in London.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Follow the Birds

**VICTORIA B.C.**



For Mild Winter Climate. Good Accommodation To Suit All Pockets. The Farmers' Holiday Playground.

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## Little Helps For This Week

"Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness; for they shall be filled."—Matthew v. 6.

The body is not mud. "I were best take up the soul and leave the rest," it seems to me the man who leaves the soul there, is as one who leaves Who gathers up the empty sheaves When all the golden grain is done.

—Joachim Miller.

The more the soul withdraws, so to speak, from the body, and relies upon it, itself, the more it relies on itself; and the closer it cleaves to God, the more the life it lives on this earth resembles that which it will enjoy in heaven, and the larger foretaste it has of the first fruits of that blessed harvest. Aspire, therefore, to holiness, without which no man shall see the Lord.—Archbishop Leighton.

## MADE HER BABY

PLUMP AND WELL

Nothing makes a mother more grateful than a healthy, contented up on her child. Mothers everywhere who have used Baby's Own Tablets for their child speak in enthusiastic terms of them. For instance, Mrs. Zephirin Lavele, Three Rivers, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets are a wonderful medicine for little ones. They never fail to regulate the baby's stomach and bowels, and make him plump and well. I always keep a box of the Tablets in the house and would advise all mothers to do likewise." Most of the ordinary ailments of childhood arise in the stomach and bowels, and can be quickly banished by Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets relieve constipation and indigestion, break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms, allay teething pains and promote healthy sleep. They are guaranteed to be free from injurious drugs and are safe even for the youngest and most delicate child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c. per box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Supreme Riddle Of Life

Growth Can Be Divided Into Two Phases Says Professor

"Growth is the supreme riddle of life and is, perhaps, the most remarkable phenomenon of nature," stated Professor L. B. Mendel, of the Laboratory of Chemistry, Yale University, at an illustrated lecture given at an open meeting of the Royal Canadian Institute in Toronto.

Prof. Mendel informed his audience that growth could be divided into two phases, one being inherent in nature, and consequently unchangeable and no amount of human endeavor could modify it. The other aspect of growth is the controllable factor, and can be modified through proper nutrition.

An excellent protection against worms can be got in Miller's Worm Powders. They render the stomach and intestines healthy and strong. They heal the surface that have become inflamed by the attacks of the parasites and serve to restore the strength of the child that has been undermined by the draughts that the worms have made upon it, and their operation is altogether health-giving.

Now and then news comes of a couple of the most experienced canoeists getting drowned. It goes to show that eternal vigilance is the price of safety when using the canoe.

Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia.

Samba: "Did Drudder Brown gib de bride away?"

Bastus: "No, sah; he gwine let de groom 'an' her out for hisself."

**CONSTIPATION DEAFNESS**

**ARTHRITIS KIDNEY DISEASES**

And Many Other Chronic Diseases

Have Been Cured by Natural Methods

Regular Medical Attendance

**TILDEN HEALTH SCHOOL**

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**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY**

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No. 1 for Bladder Cleanse, No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases, No. 3 for Chronic Weakness.

Get the French Remedies at all Drug Stores, or by mail from Tilden Health School, 3221 Arthur Ave., A.B., N.D., Pres. Write for FREE Literature.

## Chinook Curlers Start Play

The curling season started in Chinook last Monday with ten rinks getting in form in good style. The weather has been all that could be desired for forming ice and two good sheets are now in shape for play.

The President vs. Vice President contest started off Monday night with the following rinks:

President:  
Nelson, Meade, Robinson, Elliott, Wong, Cooley, Morrison, Milligan Hughes, Bennett, Butts, Todd, Korek, Mielke, Berry, Dawson.

Vice President:  
Cooley, Bell, Jacques, Vanhook, Smith, Kerr, Creelman, Smith, Vanstone, Currie, Hurley, Deman Sutherland, Rideout, Neff, Chapman.

To even up rinks Vice President Jacques will play a pick-up rink against Lee.

The contest up to Wednesday night resulted in a tie. Following is the score:

President	Vice-Pres.
Elliott 18	Vanhook 6
Todd 9	Deman 12
Dawson 5	Chapman 15
Milligan 12	Smith 9
Lee 8	Jacques 10
52	52

No intimation has been given as to how the tie will be settled, but it is expected that the president and vice-president will pick rinks and play off the tie.

The losers of this contest will furnish an oyster supper for the winners.

Arrangements will be made in the near future for the annual bonspiel.

Mrs. Wm. Meade is a Calgary visitor for a few days this week.

The Ladies Card Club met Tuesday night at the home of Mrs. Deman. The prize, a lovely rubber apron won by Mrs. Steckle. The club will not meet again till after New Year, when Mrs. Jacques will be hostess on Jan. 3rd.

Messrs Loudfoot and Ring, of Calgary, have been in Chinook the past week taking home portraits. It is expected these gentlemen will again visit this district in the spring.

Mr. R. Peyton and daughter Julia left Wednesday for the States where they will visit relatives at Grand Forks, North Dakota, Minneapolis and Watertown, South Dakota.

## Teachers Win In Suit Over Salary

The appellate division in a judgment written by Mr. Justice Mitchell, concurred in by Honorable Justices Beck, Hyndman and Clarke, has dismissed the appeal in the case of Joel S. Patterson, Hilda Hobbs and A. Fattersall against the judgment of His Honor Judge Stewart, and allowed the appeal of Ward A. Steckle and Douglas R. Johnson with costs.

The action was taken by all the plaintiffs, teachers in the employ of the board of trustees of the Youngstown school district, against the board to recover a balance, claimed by each, amounting to salary for eight days, being the difference between the amount that they could have earned under the maximum number of 212 teaching days allowed under the school act and the number of days in which teaching was actually carried on and paid for, viz. 202 days.

The court found that the board "by an arbitrary closing of the school for four days immediately following the termination of the summer vacation of 1924" deprived Johnson of the opportunity to teach on days which under his contract should have been available for teaching.

Johnson's previous contract expired at the end of August, 1925, and the board could have given him opportunity to teach by promptly opening the school at the end of the summer vacation, viz., on August 25. The court found him entitled to three days at \$23 13.

Steckle, whose first contract expired on September 1, 1925, and who re-engaged from and after September 1, 1925, was found to be entitled to three days at \$5 per day.

The contracts of the others did not commence till after September 2, 1925, and the appeal was dismissed in their cases.

G. Van Allen appeared for the appellants, the school teachers; W. A. Graburn, of Hanna, for the respondents, the school trustees.—Calgary Herald.

The three days' public sale of school lands in the central part of the province, held in Edmonton recently brought both the highest price per acre on an individual quarter section and the highest average price per acre of any sale held in western Canada this season. Net returns of \$1,331,506.04 were realized, with \$79 per acre the highest price for a single quarter and an average price of \$20.18 for the 64,081 acres disposed of.

## "Too Much Married"

Monday evening, in spite of weather and road conditions, the Cereal Dramatic Club put on the play "Too Much Married" as per schedule. This proved to be a delightful three act comedy-farce, marked by splendid acting on the part of all participants. It would be very difficult to say to whom the honor of Star should go among this group of artists, but we must especially mention the work of Mr. Gollmer and Miss Ritchie, taking the parts of the bachelor Hershaw and his borrowed wife. Neither can the acting of the balance of this cast—Miss Smith, Mr. Colbinson and Mr. Ready—or the announcing and excellent managing of Mrs. Thair, pass without a word of praise.

The play was followed by a short concert consisting of orchestra and vocal selections, interspersed with some clever impersonations, and a number of excellent recitations. After the concert everyone enjoyed a most sociable dance until train time. We take this opportunity of extending to the Cereal Dramatic Club our heartiest congratulations on the success of their programme.

For the information of those who were not able to get in on Monday night, we wish to announce that everyone will have the opportunity of seeing this company, with a much larger cast, in "Within The Law" sometime early in the New Year.

**Dr. J. ESLER**  
Physician and Surgeon, Cereal  
Will be at the  
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday and Friday

**DR. HOLT**  
DENTIST  
will be at the  
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every Thursday

## M. D. Sounding Creek No. 273

Minutes of the council meeting Dec. 10th, 1927:

Councillors Cameron, Cowin, Goodband, Lawrence, Synnuck and Armstrong present.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted on motion of Councillor Cowin.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, that we pay the quarrying lease No. 753, amounting to \$20.00, to the Department of the Interior.

Moved by Mr. Cameron that we pay for the Secretary-Treasurer's Bond for the year 1928.

Cheques issued by the Reeve and Secretary were authorized, on the motion of Mr. Synnuck.

The financial statement was approved, on motion of Mr. Lawrence.

Moved by Mr. Lawrence, that we employ Mr. G. M. Thomas as Returning Officer for the year 1928.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, that the Returning Officer be paid \$25 for his services.

Mr. S. C. Kerslake was appointed deputy returning officer for Division No. 6, with the poll at Carleton Hall; R. Garland deputy returning officer for Division No. 5, with the poll at New Illinois School house and A. A. Richards deputy returning officer, with the poll at Crystal School House.

Moved by Mr. Cameron, that the Annual and Nomination Meeting be held at the Rex Theatre, Youngstown, Alberta, as provided for in the Act.

**Walter M. Crockett,**  
LL.B.,  
Barrister Solicitor,  
Notary Public  
Youngstown Alberta

**Mah Bros. Cafe**  
Good Meals at all Hours  
Confectionery of all kinds  
Fresh Oysters Fresh Fruit

Chinook United Church  
Sunday School 2 p.m.  
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

## CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent. Apply at Advance Office.

FOR SALE—Young Shorthorn Cow, coming fresh. Apply to J. C. Bayley, N. 1/2 6, 28, 7, Chinook.

## At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)	Wheat
1 Northern	1.18
2 Northern	1.12
3 Northern	1.02
2 C. W.	.49
3 C. W.	.45
No. 1 Feed	.43
3 C. W.	.64
4 C. W.	.61
Feed	.59
2 C. W.	.83
3 C. W.	.80
1 N. W.	1.51
2 C. W.	1.46
3 C. W.	1.26
Butter	.35
Eggs	.60



**Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A. A. F. & A. M.**

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,  
W. M.  
R. V. LAWRENCE,  
Secretary

**W. W. Isbister**  
General Blacksmith

Counters and Dies Sharpened  
Horse shoeing and General  
Wood Work Repairing

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

**Motor Truck Delivery**  
Prompt Service and prices reasonable  
**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.

## Mortgage Sale of Farm Properties

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act under 2 certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Acadia Hotel in the Village of Chinook in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 17th day of December, 1927, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following properties, namely:

Parcel 1. The North Half of Section 21, in Township 29 and Range 7, West of the 4th Meridian in Alberta.

Parcel 2. The North Half of Section 1, in Township 30 and Range 6, West of the 4th Meridian in Alberta; Reserving out of each parcel unto His Majesty all mines and minerals and the right to work the same.

Terms of sale to be Twenty per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors. Parcel 1 will be offered for sale separately. Immediately thereafter and whether the sale of parcel 1 shall have been successful or not, parcel 2 will be offered for sale separately.

Each parcel will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid and free from all encumbrances, save a share crop tenancy terminable by notice between 1st December, 1927, and 1st March, 1928, and taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that Parcel 1 is situated about 4 1/2 miles from Chinook and Parcel 2 about 12 miles from Chinook on the C.N.R., and that as to:

PARCEL 1. There are situate thereon a dwelling house, 20 ft. by 28 ft., a stable 26 ft. by 24 ft., lean 26 ft. by 16 ft., granary 14 ft. by 32 ft., lean 14 ft. by 16 ft., 2 hen houses 12 ft. by 38 ft. and 16 ft. by 16 ft., and 3 sheds, all shingle roofed, also 2 1/2 miles of fencing and a well, and that about 260 acres are under cultivation.

PARCEL 2. There are situate thereon a dwelling house, 18 ft. by 24 ft., a stable 28 ft. by 38 ft., both shingle roofed, 2 granaries, 12 ft. by 12 ft. and 16 ft. by 12 ft., and a hen house, also a mile of fencing, and 2 wells, and that about 215 acres are under cultivation.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to D. E. Bell, Barrister, Chinook, Alberta.

Dated this 3rd day of October, A. D. 1927.

Approved: W. FORBES, Registrar.

## FOR YOUR WINTER HOLIDAY

**TRIP**  
CANADIAN NATIONAL OFFERS LOW FARES  
CHOICE OF ROUTES

THE ACME OF TRAVEL. COMFORT, CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY IN MODERN TRAIN EQUIPMENT

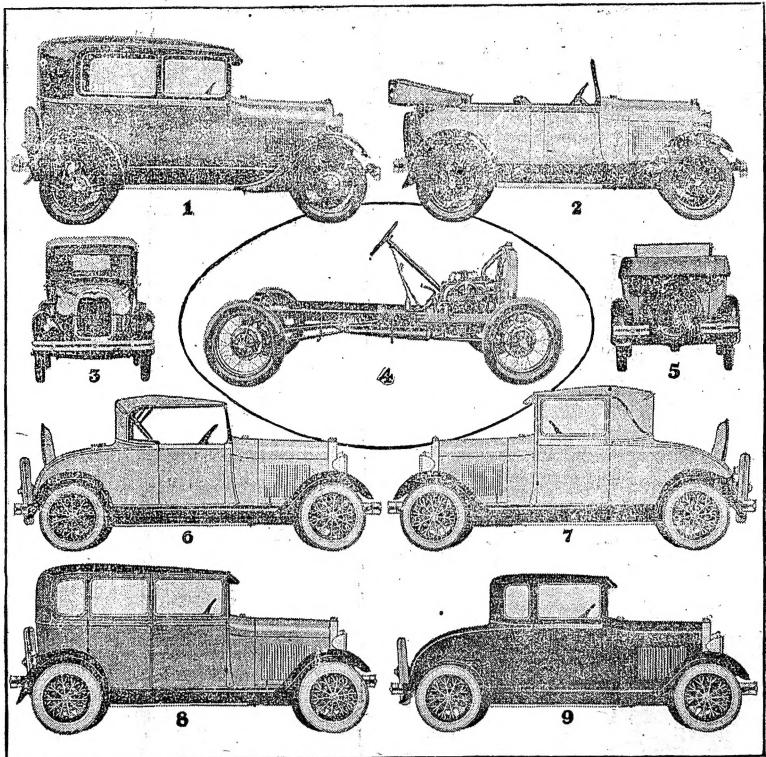
Eastern Canada Pacific Coast  
Central States OR THE Old Country

Drop in and see me, or give me a ring on the phone

O. B. ELLIOTT, Local Agent, Phone 3, CHINOOK

OR WRITE J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent — EDMONTON

**CANADIAN NATIONAL**



## FIRST AUTHENTIC PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE NEW FORD CAR

The six body models and chassis of the new Ford car are shown above. The new car has graceful, distinctive lines, exceptional power, unusual speed and get-away. It has been driven at more than sixty miles per hour; accelerates from 5 to 25 miles per hour in 8 1/2 seconds in high gear; travels 40 miles per hour in second gear; is fitted with three-speed transmission of Lincoln

design and is completely equipped. Each model is offered in a number of bright optional color combinations. No. 1 is the new Tudor; 2 the new Phaeton; 3, front view of the new Tudor; 4, the new Chassis; 5, rear view of the Phaeton; 6, the new Sport Roadster; 7, the new Sport Coupe; 8, the new Fordor Sedan and 9, the new Coupe.